

Multicomponent condensation of 1,2-dihydropyrazol-3-one derivatives with carbonyl compounds and Meldrum's acid*

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A convenient method for the synthesis of earlier unknown 3-aryl-3-(3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)propionic acid derivatives was developed based on the multicomponent condensation of 1,2-dihydropyrazol-3-ones, carbonyl compounds, and Meldrum's acid.

Key words: multicomponent condensation, Meldrum's acid, 1,2-dihydropyrazol-3-ones, 3-arylpropionic acids.

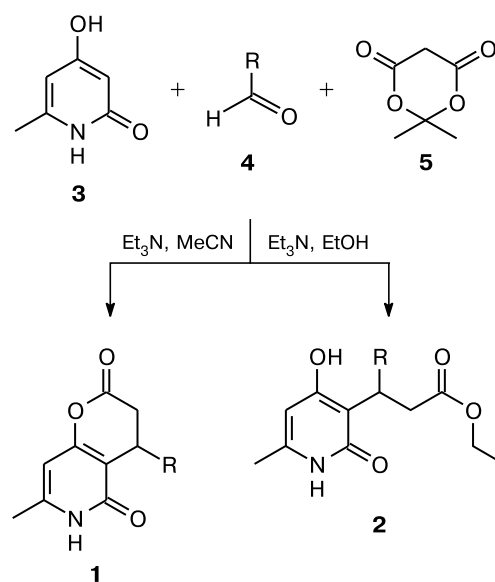
1,2-Dihydropyrazol-3-one derivatives possess a wide range of biological activity. For example, the products containing a 1,2-dihydropyrazol-3-one fragment are suggested as neuroprotectors and antiemetics.^{1,2} Therefore, the development of new methods for the synthesis of these products is an important direction of synthetic chemistry. The use of multicomponent reactions as an efficient instrument in the development and modification of various types of heterocyclic systems,^{3,4} in our opinion, is a convenient approach to the preparation of a wide number of products with certain substituents.

Earlier, we have suggested the methods for the synthesis of fused dihydropyranones **1** and substituted 3-arylpropionic acid esters **2** based on the multicomponent condensation of hydroxypyridone **3** with aldehydes **4** and Meldrum's acid (**5**).⁵ Note that the direction of the reaction depends on the type of the solvent used: the process in acetonitrile led to the formation of dihydropyranones **1**, whereas esters **2** were formed in alcohols (Scheme 1).

The purpose of the present work is the studies of the multicomponent reaction of 1,2-dihydropyrazol-3-one derivatives **6** with carbonyl compounds and Meldrum's acid (**5**), as well as establishing structure and studies of properties of the products formed. We have shown that the reaction of pyrazolones **6** with aldehydes **4** and Meldrum's acid (**5**) in methanol in the presence of triethylamine used as a base led to methyl 3-aryl-3-(3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)propionates **7** in good yields (Scheme 2). Most likely, unstable dihydropyranones **8** are initially formed as a result of the multicomponent reaction, which when treated with methanol undergo the pyran ring opening, leading to the target esters **7**.

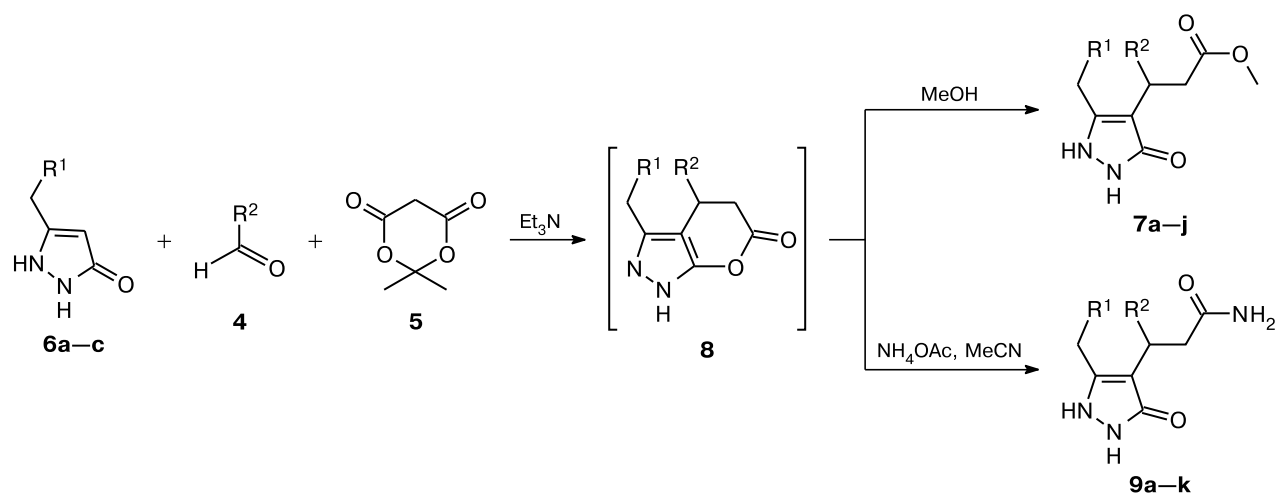
* On the occasion of the 100th anniversary of the birth of Academician N. K. Kochetkov (1915–2005).

Scheme 1



Similarly to the multicomponent condensation for hydroxypyridone **3** considered above,⁵ we studied the reaction of pyrazolones **6** with aldehydes **4** and Meldrum's acid (**5**) in acetonitrile in order to synthesize dihydropyranones **8**. However, this the reaction did not lead to the expected results because of the low stability of compound **8** under conditions of the process. We suggested that the addition of an extra nucleophilic reagent to the reaction mixture would lead to the formation of the corresponding pyran ring opening product. In fact, the use of ammonium acetate, serving as a source of ammonia, led to 3-aryl-3-(3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)propionic acid amides **9** in good yields (Scheme 2).

Scheme 2



6	R ¹	7	R ¹	R ²	7	R ¹	R ²	9	R ¹	R ²	9	R ¹	R ²
a	H	a	H	2-Cl-C ₆ H ₄	f	Ph	2-NO ₂ -C ₆ H ₄	a	H	3-Py	f	H	Ph
b	Ph	b	H	2-MeO-C ₆ H ₄	g	Ph	4-MeO-C ₆ H ₄	b	H	4-MeO-C ₆ H ₄	g	H	4-HO-3-MeO-C ₆ H ₃
c	EtO ₂ C	c	H	4-MeO-C ₆ H ₄	h	Ph	Ph	c	H	4-Py	h	EtO ₂ C	3,4-(MeO) ₂ -C ₆ H ₃
		d	H	2,5-(MeO) ₂ -C ₆ H ₃	i	Ph	4-Cl-C ₆ H ₄	d	H	2,4-Cl ₂ -C ₆ H ₃	i	EtO ₂ C	4-MeO-C ₆ H ₄
		e	H	Ph	j	Ph	2,4-Cl ₂ -C ₆ H ₃	e	H	3,4,5-(MeO) ₃ -C ₆ H ₂	j	EtO ₂ C	4-Cl-C ₆ H ₄
								k			k	Ph	4-MeO-C ₆ H ₄

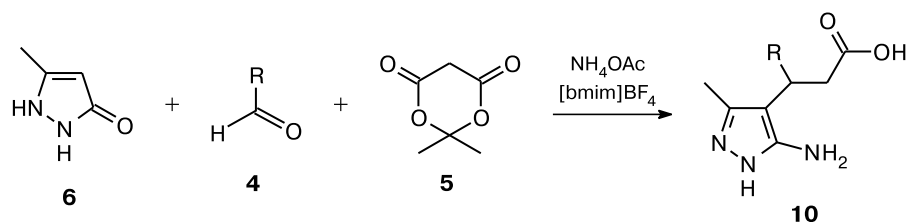
Such multicomponent reactions of 1,2-dihydropyrazol-3-ones **6**, aldehydes **4**, and Meldrum's acid (**5**) have been studied earlier.⁶ When the reaction was carried out in an ionic liquid using ammonium acetate, the authors obtained products **10** (Scheme 3). A comparison of the ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectroscopy data, as well as melting points, showed that products **10** obtained in the work⁶ are identical to compounds **9** synthesized by us in this work. We used 2D ¹H–¹³C HMBC NMR spectroscopy to unambiguously confirm the structure **9**.

Figure 1 shows a fragment of the 2D ¹H–¹³C HMBC spectrum of compound **9d**. The spectrum exhibits the cross-peaks between the signals for the amide protons H(9), H(9') (δ 6.75 and 7.32) and carbon atom C(8) (δ 172.33), as well as a correlation of the signal for the protons of the methylene fragment H(7) (δ 2.78) with the signal for carbon atom C(8) (δ 172.33). These data indicate the presence of the CH₂CONH₂ fragment in the structure of product **9d** and, hence, unambiguously

confirm the structure of the products suggested by us in this work.

In the reactions considered above, various aldehydes were used as the carbonyl component. It is obvious that the involvement of ketones into the process under study will make it possible to considerably broaden the possibilities of this method and vary the range of synthesized products. As in the case of hydroxypyridone **3** (see Ref. 5), the multicomponent condensation of pyrazol-3-one **6b**, acetone, and Meldrum's acid (**5**) in methanol in the presence of triethylamine did not lead to the expected products. Therefore, to accomplish the synthesis of the target products we preliminary obtained 5-isopropylidene-2,2-dimethyl-[1,3]dioxane-4,6-dione **11**, the product of the condensation of acetone and Meldrum's acid. Its reaction with pyrazol-3-one **6b** in methanol and triethylamine as a base led to the synthesis of ester **12** in good yield (Scheme 4). Note that for the increase in the yield of the target product **12**, we used a two-fold excess of isopropyl-

Scheme 3



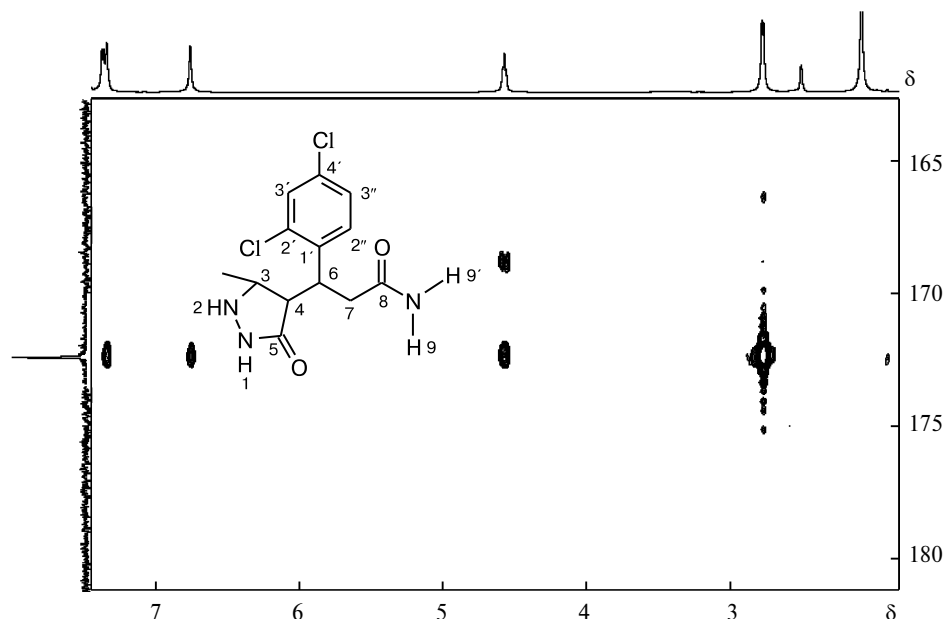
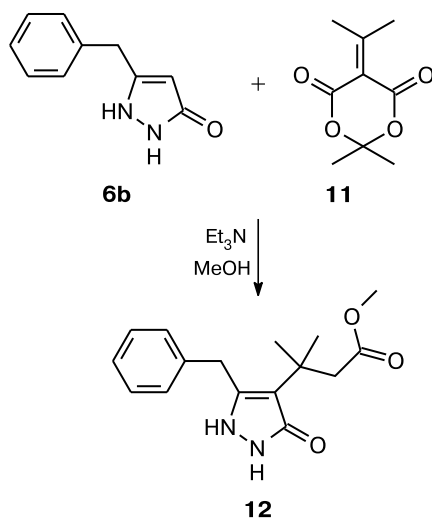


Fig. 1. A fragment of the 2D ^1H – ^{13}C HMBC spectrum of compound **9d** (600 MHz, DMSO-d_6).

idene derivative **11**, which decomposes to a considerable degree in the process of the reaction. In contrast to the reaction involving hydroxypyridone **3**, for which the cyclic dihydropyranone was exclusively obtained,⁵ only ester **12** was synthesized when pyrazole **6b** was used.

3-aryl-3-(3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)propionic amides **9**. Apparently the processes under study proceed through the step of the formation of dihydropyranones **8**, which were not isolated in the free form in the case of 1,2-dihydropyrazol-3-one derivatives because of their low stability.

Scheme 4



In conclusion, we studied a multicomponent condensation of 1,2-dihydropyrazol-3-ones with carbonyl compounds and Meldrum's acid and showed that the use of methanol as the solvent leads to the formation of methyl 3-aryl-3-(3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)propionates **7**. Carrying out the reaction in acetonitrile in the presence of ammonium acetate allowed us to synthesize

Experimental

^1H , ^{13}C , and ^1H – ^{13}C HMBC NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker AM-300 and Bruker AM-600 spectrometers (300 and 600 MHz) in DMSO-d_6 . Electrospray ionization (ESI) high resolution mass spectra were recorded on a Bruker micrOTOF II instrument. Melting points were measured on a Boetius heating stage and were not corrected.

Compound **6a** is commercially available, compounds **6c**⁷ and **11**⁸ were obtained according to the procedures described in the literature.

5-Benzyl-1,2-dihydropyrazol-3-one (6b). 4-Dimethylaminopyridine (4.88 g, 0.04 mol) and Meldrum's acid (**5**) (5.76 g, 0.04 mol) were dissolved in dichloromethane (40 mL). Phenylacetic acid (5.44 g, 0.04 mol) was added to this solution with stirring, then, a solution of DCC (10.30 g, 0.05 mol) in dichloromethane (20 mL) was added dropwise. The mixture obtained was stirred for 6 h and concentrated to a dry residue. Water (100 mL) was added to this residue, stirred for 30 min, a precipitate of *N,N'*-dicyclohexylurea was filtered off. The filtrate was concentrated to a dry residue. A solution of hydrazine hydrate (6.00 g, 0.12 mol) in ethanol (10 mL) was added to this residue, and the mixture was refluxed for 2 h. Then, acetic acid (12.00 g, 0.2 mol) was added and concentrated. Water (40 mL) was added to the residue, and the product was filtered. The yield was 86%, m.p. 183–185 °C (*cf.* Ref. 9: m.p. 184 °C). ^1H NMR (DMSO-d_6), δ : 3.79 (s, 2 H, CH_2); 5.22 (s, 1 H, CH); 7.50 (m, 5 H, H_{Ar}); 10.51 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ^{13}C NMR (DMSO-d_6), δ : 32.01, 88.60, 126.10, 128.30, 139.19, 143.23, 160.67. MS (ESI), m/z : found:

175.0866 [M + H]⁺. C₁₀H₁₀N₂O. Calculated: [M + H] = 175.0871.

Methyl 3-(5-alkyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-arylpropionate 7a-j (general procedure). A corresponding pyrazole **6** (2 mol), Meldrum's acid (**5**) (0.33 g, 2.3 mmol), a corresponding aldehyde **4** (2.1 mmol), and triethylamine (0.23 g, 2.3 mmol) were mixed in methanol (5 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed 2 h and concentrated dry, the residue was recrystallized from aqueous methanol. A precipitate formed was filtered and washed with aqueous methanol on the filter.

3-(2-Chlorophenyl)-3-(5-methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)propionic acid methyl ester (7a). The yield was 69%, m.p. 207–209 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.06 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 2.92 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.7 Hz, *J* = 9.3 Hz); 3.12 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.7 Hz, *J* = 6.5 Hz); 3.51 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 4.60 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 6.9 Hz); 7.16–7.61 (m, 4 H, H_{Ar}); 10.43 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 10.09, 32.55, 37.62, 51.17, 100.75, 126.99, 127.63, 129.05, 129.23, 132.05, 136.78, 141.05, 159.52, 171.60. Found (%): C, 57.24; H, 5.20; N, 9.36. C₁₄H₁₅ClN₂O₃ (294.74). Calculated (%): C, 57.05; H, 5.13; N, 9.50.

3-(2-Methoxyphenyl)-3-(5-methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)propionic acid methyl ester (7b). The yield was 54%, m.p. 199–201 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.06 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 2.84 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.2 Hz, *J* = 9.7 Hz); 3.08 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.2 Hz, *J* = 5.5 Hz); 3.49 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.76 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 4.51 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 6.5 Hz); 6.82–7.31 (m, 4 H, H_{Ar}); 10.30 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 9.89, 28.63, 37.29, 51.01, 55.27, 101.54, 110.47, 119.97, 126.91, 127.66, 131.83, 136.68, 155.90, 159.70, 172.12. Found (%): C, 61.85; H, 6.30; N, 9.46. C₁₅H₁₈N₂O₄ (290.32). Calculated (%): C, 62.06; H, 6.25; N, 9.65.

3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3-(5-methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)propionic acid methyl ester (7c). The yield was 57%, m.p. 197–199 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.02 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 3.01 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.5 Hz, *J* = 9.5 Hz); 3.18 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.5 Hz, *J* = 6.5 Hz); 3.49 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.69 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 4.11 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 6.5 Hz); 7.21 (d, 2 H, H_{Ar}, *J* = 7.8 Hz); 7.71 (d, 2 H, H_{Ar}, *J* = 7.8 Hz); 10.36 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 9.97, 35.51, 51.03, 54.87, 102.78, 113.46, 113.62, 128.09, 136.27, 136.53, 157.37, 159.25, 172.03. Found (%): C, 62.35; H, 6.37; N, 9.48. C₁₅H₁₈N₂O₄ (290.32). Calculated (%): C, 62.06; H, 6.25; N, 9.65.

3-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)-3-(5-methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)propionic acid methyl ester (7d). The yield was 60%, m.p. 182–184 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.06 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 2.84 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.4 Hz, *J* = 9.6 Hz); 3.06 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.4 Hz, *J* = 6.5 Hz); 3.50 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.65 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.73 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 4.53 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 6.5 Hz); 6.67–6.94 (m, 3 H, H_{Ar}); 10.54 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 9.83, 28.74, 37.35, 51.01, 55.07, 55.82, 101.49, 110.44, 111.35, 114.79, 133.20, 136.72, 150.10, 152.87, 159.61, 172.03. Found (%): C, 60.23; H, 6.39; N, 8.89. C₁₆H₂₀N₂O₅ (320.35). Calculated (%): C, 59.99; H, 6.29; N, 8.74.

3-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-phenylpropionic acid methyl ester (7e). The yield was 61%, m.p. 188–190 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.03 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 3.03 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.3 Hz, *J* = 9.5 Hz); 3.11 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.3 Hz, *J* = 7.2 Hz); 3.49 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 4.16 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.7 Hz); 7.13–7.32 (m, 5 H, H_{Ar}); 10.35 (br.s,

2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 10.18, 36.26, 38.34, 51.08, 102.47, 126.47, 128.06, 128.29, 136.40, 144.50, 159.28, 172.00. Found (%): C, 64.42; H, 6.15; N, 10.90. C₁₄H₁₆N₂O₃ (260.30). Calculated (%): C, 64.60; H, 6.20; N, 10.76.

3-(5-Benzyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-(2-nitrophenyl)propionic acid methyl ester (7f). The yield was 75%, m.p. 211–213 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.96 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.8 Hz, *J* = 7.1 Hz); 3.09 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.8 Hz, *J* = 7.8 Hz); 3.45 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.77 (m, 2 H, CH₂); 4.81 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.2 Hz); 6.76–7.80 (m, 9 H, H_{Ar}); 10.79 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 30.08, 30.79, 38.49, 51.25, 100.90, 123.72, 126.01, 127.36, 127.83, 128.17, 129.93, 132.81, 138.11, 138.25, 139.62, 148.57, 159.46, 171.25. Found (%): C, 63.20; H, 4.91; N, 11.17. C₂₀H₁₉N₃O₅ (381.39). Calculated (%): C, 62.99; H, 5.02; N, 11.02.

3-(5-Benzyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid methyl ester (7g). The yield was 52%, m.p. 193–195 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.92 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.6 Hz, *J* = 7.2 Hz); 3.09 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.6 Hz, *J* = 7.9 Hz); 3.45 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.68 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.79 (m, 2 H, CH₂); 4.14 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.3 Hz); 6.71–7.10 (m, 9 H, H_{Ar}); 11.30 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 30.26, 35.35, 38.82, 51.02, 54.87, 102.93, 113.29, 126.03, 128.16, 128.19, 128.21, 136.39, 138.80, 138.85, 157.30, 159.14, 171.94. Found (%): C, 69.04; H, 6.17; N, 7.82. C₂₁H₂₂N₂O₄ (366.42). Calculated (%): C, 68.84; H, 6.05; N, 7.65.

3-(5-Benzyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-phenylpropionic acid methyl ester (7h). The yield was 51%, m.p. 175–177 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.95 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.7 Hz, *J* = 7.2 Hz); 3.05 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.7 Hz, *J* = 7.8 Hz); 3.46 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.80 (m, 2 H, CH₂); 4.19 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.2 Hz); 7.05–7.26 (m, 10 H, H_{Ar}); 11.54 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 30.28, 36.16, 38.52, 51.05, 102.61, 125.76, 126.05, 127.21, 127.92, 128.21, 138.75, 139.07, 144.34, 159.22, 171.90. Found (%): C, 71.22; H, 6.08; N, 8.45. C₂₀H₂₀N₂O₃ (336.39). Calculated (%): C, 71.41; H, 5.99; N, 8.33.

3-(5-Benzyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propionic acid methyl ester (7i). The yield was 53%, m.p. 163–165 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.98 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.5 Hz, *J* = 7.2 Hz); 3.00 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.5 Hz, *J* = 7.9 Hz); 3.46 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.82 (m, 2 H, CH₂); 4.18 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.9 Hz); 7.05–7.25 (m, 9 H, H_{Ar}); 10.55 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 30.27, 35.54, 38.35, 51.04, 102.11, 126.06, 127.78, 128.10, 128.40, 129.07, 130.33, 138.71, 139.14, 143.28, 159.12, 171.73. MS (ESI), *m/z*: found: 371.1157 [M + H]⁺. C₂₀H₁₉ClN₂O₃. Calculated: [M + H] = 371.1162.

3-(5-Benzyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)propionic acid methyl ester (7j). The yield was 61%, m.p. 213–215 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.90 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.8 Hz, *J* = 8.5 Hz); 3.00 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.8 Hz, *J* = 8.5 Hz); 3.46 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.81 (m, 2 H, CH₂); 4.61 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.9 Hz); 7.02–7.53 (m, 8 H, H_{Ar}); 10.50 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 30.36, 32.48, 37.57, 51.20, 100.46, 125.98, 127.16, 127.93, 128.11, 128.30, 130.48, 131.25, 132.85, 138.31, 139.44, 140.26, 159.49, 171.28. MS (ESI), *m/z*: found: 405.0767 [M + H]⁺. C₂₀H₁₈Cl₂N₂O₃. Calculated: [M + H] = 405.0773.

3-Aryl-3-(5-alkyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)propionic acid amides 9a–k (general procedure). A corresponding pyrazole **6** (2 mmol), Meldrum's acid (**5**) (0.33 g, 2.3 mmol), a corresponding aldehyde **4** (2.1 mmol), ammonium acetate

(0.46 g, 6 mmol), and triethylamine (0.23 g, 2.3 mmol) were mixed in acetonitrile (5 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 1 h and cooled. A precipitate formed was filtered and washed aqueous ethanol on the filter.

3-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-(pyridin-3-yl)propionic acid amide (9a). The yield was 71%, m.p. 201–203 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.07 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 2.69 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.8 Hz, *J* = 8.0 Hz); 2.93 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.8 Hz, *J* = 6.0 Hz); 4.24 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.9 Hz); 6.67 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 7.23–8.50 (m, 5 H, H_{Ar} + H—N—H); 10.44 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 10.06, 33.65, 39.22, 102.61, 123.14, 134.74, 136.74, 140.39, 146.80, 148.82, 159.33, 172.63. Found (%): C, 58.74; H, 5.66; N, 22.62. C₁₂H₁₄N₄O₂ (246.27). Calculated (%): C, 58.53; H, 5.73; N, 22.75.

3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3-(5-methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)propionic acid amide (9b). The yield was 56%, m.p. 217–219 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.02 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 2.63 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.4 Hz, *J* = 7.3 Hz); 2.81 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.4 Hz, *J* = 8.3 Hz); 3.69 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 4.15 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.9 Hz); 6.63 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 6.74 (d, 2 H, H_{Ar}, *J* = 8.2 Hz); 7.20 (d, 2 H, H_{Ar}, *J* = 8.2 Hz); 7.25 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 10.36 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 10.16, 35.10, 40.19, 54.87, 103.71, 113.27, 128.23, 136.18, 137.31, 157.14, 159.30, 173.07. MS (ESI), *m/z*: found: 276.1343 [M + H]⁺. C₁₄H₁₇N₃O₃. Calculated: [M + H] = 276.1348.

3-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-4-(pyridin-3-yl)propionic acid amide (9c). The yield was 60%, m.p. 257–259 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.07 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 2.74 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.8 Hz, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 2.92 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.8 Hz, *J* = 8.6 Hz); 4.25 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.5 Hz); 6.73 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 7.23 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 7.30 (d, 2 H, H_{Ar}, *J* = 5.2 Hz); 8.40 (d, 2 H, H_{Ar}, *J* = 5.2 Hz); 10.55 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 10.09, 35.26, 38.79, 101.97, 122.81, 136.61, 149.16, 153.71, 159.33, 172.53. Found (%): C, 58.74; H, 5.62; N, 22.90. C₁₂H₁₄N₄O₂ (246.27). Calculated (%): C, 58.53; H, 5.73; N, 22.75.

3-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-3-(5-methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)propionic acid amide (9d). The yield was 55%, m.p. 232–235 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.07 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 2.78 (d, 2 H, CH₂, *J* = 7.7 Hz); 4.40 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.7 Hz); 6.75 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 7.32 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 7.33–7.65 (m, 3 H, H_{Ar}); 10.53 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 10.35, 32.26, 38.94, 101.19, 126.89, 128.38, 130.80, 130.94, 133.37, 136.86, 140.84, 159.70, 172.33. Found (%): C, 49.88; H, 4.08; N, 13.51. C₁₃H₁₃Cl₂N₃O₂ (314.17). Calculated (%): C, 49.70; H, 4.17; N, 13.37.

3-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)propionic acid amide (9e). The yield was 89%, m.p. 246–248 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.06 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 2.69 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.5 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz); 2.83 (dd, 2 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.5 Hz, *J* = 6.5 Hz); 3.60 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.72 (s, 6 H, OCH₃); 4.13 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.7 Hz); 6.65 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 7.18 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 7.25 (s, 2 H, H_{Ar}); 10.48 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 10.19, 36.34, 40.05, 55.64, 59.83, 103.39, 104.70, 135.44, 136.33, 141.06, 152.34, 159.28, 172.99. MS (ESI), *m/z*: found: 336.1554 [M + H]⁺. C₁₆H₂₁N₃O₅. Calculated: [M + H] = 336.1559.

3-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-phenylpropionic acid amide (9f). The yield was 74%, m.p. 236–238 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.03 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 2.71 (dd, 1 H,

H—C—H, *J* = 14.6 Hz, *J* = 7.3 Hz); 2.86 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.6 Hz, *J* = 8.2 Hz); 4.21 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.60 Hz); 6.66 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 7.06–7.31 (m, 6 H, H_{Ar} + H—N—H); 10.38 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 10.18, 35.91, 39.86, 103.41, 125.48, 127.31, 127.89, 136.34, 145.26, 159.37, 173.00. Found (%): C, 63.85; H, 6.25; N, 17.00. C₁₃H₁₅N₃O₂ (245.28). Calculated (%): C, 63.66; H, 6.16; N, 17.13.

3-(4-Hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-(5-methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)propionic acid amide (9g). The yield was 63%, m.p. 235–237 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.07 (s, 3 H, CH₃); 2.56 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.5 Hz, *J* = 7.3 Hz); 2.66 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.5 Hz, *J* = 7.7 Hz); 3.68 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 4.06 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.7 Hz); 6.76 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 6.81–7.38 (m, 4 H, H_{Ar} + H—N—H); 8.61 (br.s, 1 H, OH); 10.53 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 10.21, 35.55, 40.38, 55.46, 103.84, 111.81, 114.87, 119.47, 136.29, 136.32, 144.33, 147.01, 159.33, 173.27. MS (ESI), *m/z*: found: 292.1292 [M + H]⁺. C₁₄H₁₇N₃O₄. Calculated: [M + H] = 292.1297.

4-[2-Carbamoyl-1-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-5-oxo-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl}acetic acid ethyl ester (9h). The yield was 49%, m.p. 164–166 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 1.12 (t, 3 H, CH₃, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 2.66 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.2 Hz, *J* = 7.4 Hz); 2.80 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 15.2 Hz, *J* = 7.9 Hz); 3.51 (m, 2 H, CH₂); 3.71 (s, 6 H, 2 OCH₃); 3.98 (q, 2 H, CH₂, *J* = 6.6 Hz); 4.14 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 6.65 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 6.77–6.94 (m, 3 H, H_{Ar}); 7.25 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 11.12 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 13.85, 30.73, 35.27, 39.52, 55.26, 55.47, 60.41, 104.71, 111.41, 111.92, 119.29, 133.31, 137.07, 146.80, 148, 15, 158.72, 169.34, 173.05. Found (%): C, 57.50; H, 6.05; N, 10.98. C₁₈H₂₃N₃O₆ (377.40). Calculated (%): C, 57.29; H, 6.14; N, 11.13.

4-[2-Carbamoyl-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-5-oxo-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl}acetic acid ethyl ester (9i). The yield was 64%, m.p. 193–195 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 1.12 (t, 3 H, CH₃, *J* = 7.1 Hz); 2.65 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.8 Hz, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 2.80 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.8 Hz, *J* = 8.4 Hz); 3.49 (m, 2 H, CH₂); 3.68 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.99 (q, 2 H, CH₂, *J* = 7.1 Hz); 4.15 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 6.65 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 6.76 (d, 2 H, H_{Ar}, *J* = 8.3 Hz); 7.19 (d, 2 H, H_{Ar}, *J* = 8.3 Hz); 7.24 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 11.20 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 13.85, 30.78, 34.81, 39.40, 54.86, 60.43, 104.69, 113.09, 128.40, 133.32, 136.49, 157.15, 158.75, 169.26, 173.03. MS (ESI), *m/z*: found: 348.1554 [M + H]⁺. C₁₇H₂₁N₃O₅. Calculated: [M + H] = 348.1559.

4-[2-Carbamoyl-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-5-oxo-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl}acetic acid ethyl ester (9j). The yield was 57%, m.p. 192–194 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 1.10 (t, 3 H, CH₃, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 2.65 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.8 Hz, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 2.86 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.8 Hz, *J* = 8.2 Hz); 3.52 (m, 2 H, CH₂); 3.97 (q, 2 H, CH₂, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 4.21 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.0 Hz); 6.69 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 7.31 (m, 5 H, H_{Ar} + H—N—H); 11.12 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 13.82, 30.75, 35.10, 39.62, 60.47, 103.93, 127.59, 129.37, 130.08, 133.49, 143.49, 158.78, 169.20, 172.70. MS (ESI), *m/z*: found: 352.1059 [M + H]⁺. C₁₆H₁₈ClN₃O₄. Calculated: [M + H] = 352.1064.

3-(5-Benzyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid amide (9k). The yield was 53%, m.p. 203–204 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 2.64 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.7 Hz, *J* = 7.1 Hz); 2.83 (dd, 1 H, H—C—H, *J* = 14.7 Hz, *J* = 8.8 Hz); 3.67 (s, 3 H, OMe); 3.80 (m, 2 H, CH₂); 4.21 (t, 1 H, CH, *J* = 7.5 Hz); 6.65 (s, 1 H, H—N—H); 6.68–7.26 (m, 10 H,

H_{Ar} + H—N—H); 10.41 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 30.31, 35.13, 40.33, 54.85, 103.88, 113.07, 125.99, 128.19, 128.27, 128.39, 137.03, 138.93, 138.97, 157.09, 159.25, 173.04. Found (%): C, 68.55; H, 5.89; N, 12.09. C₂₀H₂₁N₃O₃ (351.41). Calculated (%): C, 68.36; H, 6.02; N, 11.96.

3-(5-Benzyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-3-methylbutanoic acid methyl ester 12. Pyrazole **6b** (0.35 g, 2 mmol), 5-isopropylidene-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione **11** (0.74 g, 4 mmol), and triethylamine (0.23 g, 2.3 mmol) were mixed in methanol (5 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 2 h and concentrated, the residue was recrystallized from aqueous methanol. A precipitate formed was filtered and washed with aqueous methanol on the filter. The yield was 43%, m.p. 188–190 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 1.24 (s, 6 H, 2 CH₃); 2.59 (s, 2 H, CH₂); 3.44 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.96 (s, 2 H, CH₂); 7.06 (d, 2 H, H_{Ar}, *J* = 7.4 Hz); 7.18 (m, 1 H, H_{Ar}); 7.28 (m, 2 H, H_{Ar}); 11.01 (br.s, 2 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆), δ: 27.79, 31.78, 32.68, 45.12, 50.60, 106.34, 125.91, 127.60, 128.24, 136.67, 139.87, 159.39, 171;60. Found (%): C, 66.44; H, 6.87; N, 9.61. C₁₆H₂₀N₂O₃ (288.35). Calculated (%): C, 66.65; H, 6.99; N, 9.72.

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