Mobility of some potentially toxic trace elements in the coal of Guizhou, China

X. Feng · Y. Hong · B. Hong · J. Ni

Abstract The mobility of 10 potentially toxic trace elements (PTTE), As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Hg, Ni, Pb, Se, Tl, and Zn from 32 coals of the Longtan Group formed in Permian Period in Guizhou Province, China was investigated using sequential extraction procedures. The results demonstrate that PTTEs such as Hg, As, Se, Cd, Cu, and Pb have the highest mobility at surface conditions, and the average extractable fractions of them are 86%, 95%, 79%, 76%, 69%, and 69% of the total amount in coal, respectively. The elements in coal with the lowest leachability include Tl, Cr, and Ni, and the average extractable fractions of them are 30%, 20%, and 29% of the total amount in coal respectively. Zinc has an intermediate behavior, and the average leachable fraction of it accounts for 46% of the total amount in coal. The results demonstrate that mobility of PTTE in coal depends on the speciation of these elements. The elements associated with sulfates, carbonates, sulfides and some organic matter in coal show the highest extraction rates during the weathering process, while elements with silicate affinities are inert at surface conditions.

Key words Coal Potentially toxic trace elements · Speciation · Mobility

Introduction

Due to the special geochemical environment produced during peatification and coalification processes, many trace elements, especially potentially toxic trace elements (PTTE), can be enriched in coal. Organic matter and di-

Received: 29 December 1998 · Accepted: 10 November 1998

X. Feng $(\boxtimes)^1 \cdot Y$. Hong \cdot B. Hong \cdot J. Ni State Key Laboratory of Environmental Geochemistry, Institute of Geochemistry, The Chinese Academy of Sciences, Guiyang, 550002, P.R. China

¹Present address: Department of Inorganic Chemistry, Göteborg University, S 412 96 Göteborg, Sweden e-mail: feng@inoc.chalmers.se

agenetic minerals can act as enrichment traps for these trace elements (Swaine 1990). After coal was extracted and hauled to the ground, changing its physical and chemical condition, sulfides in coal such as pyrite formed at reducing condition begin to decompose when they meet groundwater or are exposed to air, and produce a great amount of acid mine drainage (AMD). This kind of AMD has a strong leaching potential, and can bring a large amount of trace elements, especially PTTE in coal into the environment, which cause serious environmental pollution. This kind of pollution can not only occur at coal outcrops, but at coal heaps, coal mine wastes and coal cleaning wastes as well. Therefore, in coal producing areas, this kind of pollution is very common. Guizhou Province is one of the largest coal production areas in China. Due to the high pyritic sulphur content of the coals and acidification of the precipitation in this area, AMD occurs in most coal mining areas in Guizhou and consequently there is potential leaching of PTTE. Sequential extraction tests are used to elucidate the mobility and speciation of trace elements in soil, industrial wastes and other solid materials (Tessier and others 1979, 1982; Wadge and Hutton 1987; Feng and others 1997). In the present study, the chemical mobility of PTTE such as As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Hg, Pb, Ni, Se, Tl, and Zn in coals of the Longtan Group formed in the Permian Period in Guizhou Province was investigated by means of sequential extraction tests.

Experimental

Sampling

The main coal-bearing stratum in Guizhou Province is the Longtan Group from the Permian Period. Thirty-two coals from the main mining seams of 19 coal mines which belong to four coal basins, namely Shuicheng, Liuzhi, Panjiang and Guiyang coal basin, were sampled. All samples were gathered by means of underground channel sampling. All samples were bituminous coals except one, (LDN-38) gathered from Guiyang coal basin is an anthracite coal.

Analytical method

The sequential extraction procedures used in this study were adopted from the procedures used by Querol and

Table 1	
Scheme of sequential extraction of PTTEs in coal	

Step	Leaching method	Modes
1	A 4-g coal sample was weighed into a 50-ml polyethylene centrifugal tube, and 20 ml of deionized and distilled water was added in. Vibrate the tube for 15 h at room temperature, and then centrifuge it. The solution was filtered and 2.5 ml of HNO_3 was added in. The volume was made up to 50 ml by adding in deionized and distilled water. The residue was dried at 40 °C.	Water-extractable
2	20 ml of 1 mol/l HN ₄ Ac (pH=7) ^a was added into the residue above. The following procedure were the same as that of step 1.	Exchangeable
3	20 ml of 1 mol/l HN ₄ Ac (pH=5) ^a was added into the residue above. The following procedure were the same as that of step 1.	Carbonate-bound
4	The residue above was oxidized with 2.5 ml HNO_3 in a Teflon-lined stainless-steel pressure bomb for 15 h at 95 °C. After centrifugation, the solution was filtered. The volume was made up to 50 ml by adding in deionized and distilled water.	Organically and sulfide-bound

^a The pH values of NH₄Ac solution were adjusted to 7 or 5 with 25% of HAc and 25% of NH₄OH

 Table 2

 The instrument conditions for analyzing As, Se, Pb, Cd and Tl using transverse heated graphite atomizer coupled with AAS

Ele- Diluent ments		Wave-		Background correction	Carrier gas	Dryi	ng	Ash	ning	Atom	ization	Cleaning	
ments		(nm)	(1111)	correction	gas	Temp. °C	Time (s)	Temp. °C	C Time (s)	Temp. °	C Time (s)	Temp. °C	Time (s)
As	3% H ₂ SO ₄	193.7	0.7	Zeeman	Ar	110/130	30/20	1100	10	2000	4	2400	2
Se	0.2% HNO ₃	196.0	2.0	Zeeman	Ar	110/130	30/20	1100	10	1900	4	2400	2
Pb	0.2% HNO ₃	283.8	0.7	Zeeman	Ar	110/130	30/20	500	10	1600	4	2400	2
Cd	0.01 MHCL	228.8	0.7	Zeeman	Ar	110/130	30/20	300	10	1400	4	2400	2
Tl	0.5% HNO ₃	276.8	0.7	Zeeman	Ar	110/130	30/20	400	10	2000	4	2400	2

others (1996) for sequential extraction of coal, and which in turn were based on the leaching sequence used by Fernandez-Turiel and others (1994) for that of fly ash. The leaching sequence is summarized in Table 1. The analyses of As, Se, Pb, Cd, Tl in the leachates were

performed by graphite furnace atomic emission spectrometry with the analytical conditions listed in Table 2; those of Cr, Cu, Zn, Ni in the leachates were carried out by flame atomic emission spectrometry with the analytical conditions shown in Table 3; and Hg was analyzed using double stage amalgamation coupled with cold vapor absorption spectrometry (Feng and others 1998). The matrix influences were tested by producing and analyzing leachate blanks and those with addition of certain amount of the elements interested. It was found out that there were matrix influences when As and Se were analyzed. After using of matrix modifier $[5 \mu g Pd + 3 \mu g$ $Mg(NO_3)_2$ during analysis of As and Se, no interference effects were observed. The AAS spectrometer used in the studies is a PE5100PC (Perkin Elmer, USA). The determination procedures of bulk content of each element in coal are as follow: 0.1 g of the coal sample was digested with 3-ml concentrated HNO₃ and 0.5 ml 40% HF in a Teflon-lined stainless steel pressure bomb at 140° C for 24 h, the resulting faintly yellow solution was diluted into 25 ml by adding deionized and distilled wa-

Table 3

The instrument conditions for analyzing Cr, Cu, Zn and Ni using flame atomizer coupled with AAS. A-AC Air-Acetylene flame

Ele- ments	Wave- length (nm)	Slit (nm)	Diluent	Flame type
Cr	537.9	0.7	H ₂ O	A-AC rich
Cu	324.8	0.7	1% HNO3	A-AC lean
Zn	213.9	0.7	1% HCl	A-AC lean
Ni	232.0	0.2	1% HNO ₃	A-AC lean

ter, and the analyses of the elements in the solution were the same as above.

Table 1 lists the speciation of the elements leached during each leaching step. Since the components that are decomposed with nitric acid extraction are weathered easily under natural conditions over long periods, and elements retained in the residue from the last extraction step are unavailable under natural leaching conditions (Querol and others 1996), the sum of element concentrations in the sequential extraction procedure can be assumed to be the mobile fraction under natural leaching conditions over long periods, and the ratio of the sum with the total

content of each element represents the magnitude of mobility of the element under a surface environment. The major mineral transformations during the leaching experiments were investigated by X-ray diffractometry (XRD) of the residues obtained from each sample in each leaching step. From the XRD patterns for each residue, the net intensities of selected reflections for each mineral phase (proportional to its concentration in the residue) were calculated. The ratio of mineral phases with respect to quartz, which is not chemically affected by the leaching sequence, enabled the XRD intensity data to be referred to a constant internal standard. This method enabled the detection of changes in mineral phases during a leaching sequence. The XRD background intensity was used to define the evolution of the content of amorphous organic matter in coal (Background intensity at $2\phi = 25$, Querol and others 1996).

Table 4

The mineral distribution in original coal samples and residues of the sequential extraction of the six coal samples (the unit is counts s⁻¹). O original sample; W water-leached residue; Ac7, NH₄Ac(pH=7) leached residue; Ac5, NH₄Ac(pH=5) leached

Conclusion and discussion

The major mineral transformations during the sequential extraction procedure

Six coal samples were chosen (the samples were LD-04, LM-06, SL-12, SD-14, PH-34 and LDN-37, respectively). Mineralogical analyses of the original samples and the residues obtained from each leaching step were performed by X-ray diffractometry (Table 4). Studies showed that even though there was little difference in mineral composition among the samples, the major mineral compositions of the samples are silicate, such as quartz, kaolinite, illite, and plagioclase etc., carbonate such as calcite and dolomite, sulfide such as pyrite and marcasite, sulfate such as gypsum. From Table 4, it can be seen that the major mineral transformations observed through the

residue; NA nitric acid leached residue; C calcite; D dolomite; F
feldspars; G gypsum; I illite; K kaolinite; M marcasite; P pyrite;
Q quartz; GB represents the XRD background intensity at 25° of $2\theta_{\rm c}$ < dl less than XRD detection limit

Sample		Q	Р	М	С	Κ	F	Ι	BG	P/Q	M/Q	C/Q	BG/Q	
LD-04	O W Ac-7 Ac-5 NA	2236 2341 2087 3014 2730	231 164 159 193 < dl	246 251 223 382 < dl	1833 1454 1102 < dl < dl	< dl < dl < dl < dl 261	340 226 234 300 300	283 < dl < dl 195 280	603 611 583 886 733	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0	0.8 0.6 0.5 0 0	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	
LM-06	O W Ac-7 Ac-5 NA	Q 967 1156 990 876 1284	P 318 312 370 482 < dl	M 459 368 403 720 < dl	C 352 238 < dl < dl < dl	F 286 318 287 370 310	K 605 673 556 696 727	BG 494 540 540 347 550		P/Q 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.6 0	M/Q 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.8 0	C/Q 0.4 0.2 0 0 0	BG/Q 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.4	
SL-12	O W Ac-7 Ac-5 NA	Q 2456 2103 2900 3425 3333	P 220 224 178 237 < dl	C 1364 1111 998 < dl < dl	D 326 258 355 < dl < dl	K 1219 1124 1128 1071 890	BG 556 431 567 705 727		P/Q 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0	C/Q 0.6 0.5 0.3 0	D/Q 0.1 0.1 0.1 0 0	BG/Q 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2		
SD-14	O W Ac-7 Ac-5 NA	Q 1199 1663 1054 987 1601	P 189 145 157 258 < dl	M 261 399 246 500 < dl	C 699 846 235 < dl < dl	K 576 577 494 609 512	G 462 < dl < dl < dl < dl	BG 374 466 400 369 677		P/Q 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.3 0	M/Q 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.5 0	C/Q 0.6 0.5 0.2 0	G/Q 0.4 0 0 0 0	BG/Q 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.4
PH-34	O W Ac-7 Ac-5 NA	Q 2971 3086 3111 4126 4329	P 185 237 218 261 < dl	C 608 825 840 < dl < dl	K 1430 1601 1531 1576 1324	G 204 < dl < dl < dl < dl	BG 433 500 450 583 510		G/Q 0.1 0 0 0 0	P/Q 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0	C/Q 0.2 0.3 0.3 0 0	BG/Q 0.15 0.16 0.14 0.14 0.12		
LDA-37	O W Ac-7 Ac-5 NA	Q 1847 1933 2248 1902 2891	P 401 392 454 655 < dl	M 667 481 613 704 < dl	C 443 538 343 < dl < dl	K 375 415 446 334 287	F 326 361 380 403 300	G <dl <dl <dl <dl <dl< td=""><td>BG 352 432 458 307 383</td><td>G/Q 0.1 0 0 0 0</td><td>P/Q 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.3 0</td><td>M/Q 0.4 0.3 0.3 0.4 0</td><td>C/Q 0.2 0.3 0.2 0 0</td><td>BG/Q 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1</td></dl<></dl </dl </dl </dl 	BG 352 432 458 307 383	G/Q 0.1 0 0 0 0	P/Q 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.3 0	M/Q 0.4 0.3 0.3 0.4 0	C/Q 0.2 0.3 0.2 0 0	BG/Q 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1

Table 5

The results of analyses of Hg, As, Se, Cd, Tl, Cr, Ni, Pb, Cu, and Zn in each extraction step of 32 coal samples. W water extractable; Ac7 exchangeable; Ac5 carbonate bound; NA organic matter and sulfide bound; SUM sum of four leacheable modes; BULK Total concentration in coal; Leachable(%): ratio of total leachable fractions with respect to bulk; LL-01, LS-02,

LD-03, LD-04, LD-05, LM-06 sampled from Luizhi coal basin; SW-07, SW-08, SX-09, SX-10, SL-11, SL-12, SD- 13, SD-14, SH-15, SH-16, SW-17, SDL-18, SM-19, SM-20 sampled from Shuicheng coal basin; PS-21, PS-22, PY-23, PY-24, PL-25, PT-27, PT-28, PH-31, PH-34 sampled from Panjiang coal basin; LDA-37 and LDN-38 sampled from Guiyang coal basin

Elements		LL-01	LS-02	LD-03	LD-04	LD-05	LM-06	SW-07	SW-08	SX-09	SX-10	SL-11	SL-12	SD-13	SD-14	SH-15	SH-16
Hg(ug/g)	SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.004 0.002 0.0019 2.42 2.4279 2.67 90.9	0.445 0.4472 0.657 68.1	0.295 0.2972 0.368 80.8	0.017 0.004 0.0003 0.148 0.1693 0.138 122.7	0.002 0.0004 0.0004 0.301 0.3038 0.276 110.1	0.0003 0.379 0.3817 0.504 75.7	0.0001 0.001 0 2.169 2.1701 2.11 102.8	0.0002 0.0008 0.0005 0.676 0.6775 0.958 70.7	0 0.001 0.0002 0.329 0.3302 0.357 92.5	0.007 0.001 0 0.271 0.279 0.318 87.7	0.002 0 0.155 0.157 0.169 92.9	0.0003 0.0009 0.0003 1.251 1.252 1.207 103.8	0.001 0.0002 0.544 0.5462 0.612 89.2	0.002 0 0.891 0.8935 0.911 98.1	0.394 67.2	0.0002 0 0.895 0.8952 0.992 90.2
As(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.046 0 0.024 11.38 11.45 10.43 109.8	0 0.066 0.017 7.44 7.523 10.05 74.9	0 0 5.14 5.14 5.92 86.8	0 0 8.86 8.86 10.18 87.0	0.15 0.034 0.048 13.67 13.902 16.45 84.5	0 0 9.42 9.42 12.03 78.3	0 0.029 9.45 9.479 11.98 79.1	0 0 9.47 9.47 11.68 81.1	0 0 7.36 7.36 7.65 96.2	0 0 4.19 4.19 7.22 58.00	0 0 2.7 2.7 3.33 81.1	0 0 5.92 5.92 10.43 56.8	0 0 21.21 21.21 21.65 97.9	0 0 10.63 10.63 13.03 81.6	0 0.007 0 8.46 8.467 6.7 126.4	0 0 5.48 5.48 5.78 94.8
Se(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.028 0.064 0.014 1.41 1.516 1.75 86.6	0.044 0.015 0.016 0.16 0.235 0.48 48.9	0.014 0.015 0 0.085 0.114 0.35 32.6	0.08 0.032 0.024 1.05 1.186 1.2 98.8	0.029 0.029 0.058 3.937 4.053 4.05 100.1	0.003 0.017 0.019 1.351 1.39 1.5 92.7	0.008 0.038 0 1.312 1.358 1.53 88.8	0.017 0.05 0.026 1.947 2.04 2.05 99.5	0.029 0.028 0.025 1.717 1.799 2.18 82.5	0.081 0.034 0.052 2.237 2.404 3.33 72.2	0.229 0.043 0.055 2.145 2.472 2.98 82.9	0.226 0.054 0.087 2.007 2.374 3.88 61.2	0.678 0.073 0.096 2.517 3.364 4.03 83.5	0.016 0.022 0.032 3.059 3.129 3.25 96.3	0.001 0.017 0.091 2.607 2.716 3.3 82.3	0.014 0.028 0.059 1.387 1.488 2.1 70.9
Cd(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.0027 0.019 0.179 0.052 0.2527 0.23 109.9	0.007 0.006 0.023	0.005 0.002 0.12	0.0025 0.008 0.1 0.01 0.1205 0.138 87.3	0.003 0.205 0.029 0.147 0.384 0.52 73.8	0.0007 0.023 0.123 0.149 0.2957 0.23 128.6	0.0065 0.02 0.05 0.035 0.1115 0.105 106.2	0.011 0.056 0.087	0.0017 0.003 0.058 0.019 0.0817 0.128 63.8	0.0035 0 0.031 0.061 0.0955 0.091 104.9	0.001 0.11 0.07 0.058 0.239 0.42 56.9	0.001 0.01 0.021 0.03 0.062 0.085 72.9	0.0027 0.005 0 0.045 0.0527 0.065 81.1	0 0.027 0.219 0.059 0.305 0.483 63.1	0.00075 0.005 0.006 0.03 0.04175 0.045 92.8	0.009 0.003 0.019
Tl(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0 0.0154 0.07 0.019 0.1044 0.3 34.8	0 0.05	0 0 0 0 0.8 0	0.011 0.219 0.082 0.11 0.422 0.73 57.8	0.035 0.013 0 0.11 0.158 0.4 39.5	0.005 0.019 0 0.024 0.3 8	0 0.061 0 0.061 0.4 15.25	0 0.008 0 0.008 0.5 1.6	0 0 0.16 0.16 0.15 106.7	0 0.013 0 0.013 0.25 5.2	0.005 0.03 0.008 0 0.043 0.18 23.9	0.01 0 0.056 0.086 0.152 0.58 26.2	0.025 0.062 0 0 0.087 0.33 26.3	0 0.005 0 0.005 0.05 10	0.001 0.103 0.15 0 0.254 0.25 101.6	0 0.061 0 0.061 0.2 30.5
Cr(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.23 1.03 0 12.67 13.93 68 20.5	0 0.21 0 9.63 9.84 52.5 18.7	0 0.13 0 6.4 6.53 20.49 31.9	0 0.82 0.04 7.5 8.36 33.76 24.8	0.055 0.12 0 9.47 9.645 55.45 17.4	0 0.1 0 12.25 12.35 41.25 29.9	0 0.09 0 9.16 9.25 183.25 5.0	0 0.07 0 15.17 15.24 80.75 18.9	0 0.07 0 25.16 25.23 80.75 31.2	0 0.36 0 18.19 18.55 78.25 23.7	0 0.13 0 2.66 2.79 12.98 21.5	0 0.13 0.4 17.1 17.63 36.75 47.9	0 0.02 0 0.02 5.99 0.3	0 0.02 0 1.25 1.27 13.6 9.3	0 0.29 2.24 2.53 23.49 10.8	0 0.05 0 0.25 0.3 13 2.3
Ni(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.148 1.59 2.17 3.55 7.458 90 8.3	0.046 0.64 0.39 0 1.076 75 1.4	0.062 0 0.33 0 0.392 1.06 36.9	0.156 0 1.51 0 1.666 9.59 17.4	0.138 1.56 0.77 0 2.468 8.44 29.2	0.4 1.75 4.37 7.25 13.77 32.5 42.4	0.166 0.01 0.71 0 0.886 2.5 35.4	0.029 0 2.28 14.78 17.089 42.5 40.2	0.024 0 0.29 16.09 16.404 45 36.4	0.019 0 0.19 22.28 22.489 87.5 25.7	0.032 0 0.35 6.32 6.702 16.58 40.4	0.059 0.31 1.83 10.4 12.599 25.5 49.4	0.027 0.07 0.73 10.75 11.577 25.48 45.4	0.047 0.08 0.83 5 5.957 12.36 48.2	0.128 0.41 2.31 2.03 4.878 22.26 21.9	0.021 0.29 1.34 0 1.651 10 16.5
Pb(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.39 0.006 0.77 14.91 17.2 16.076 93.5	0.136 0 0.51 16.25 23.98 16.896 70.5	0.077 0 0.48 11.7 12.63 12.257 97.0	0.059 0 1.49 5.28 7.8 6.829 87.6	0.151 0 1.15 8.96 11.83 10.261 86.7	0.044 0 0.72 3.02 8.78 3.784 43.1	0.23 0 1.32 7.9 9.68 9.45 97.6	0.081 0 2.57 11.68 15.8 14.331 90.7	0.085 0.004 1.59 11.21 19.85 12.889 64.9	0.073 0.016 2.44 11.06 14.33 13.589 94.8	0.081 0.048 2.35 15.74 41.34 18.219 44.1	0.096 0 4.17 8.07 13.83 12.336 89.2	0.219 0.04 4.47 13.68 37.48 18.409 49.1	0.046 0 1.31 3.75 13.6 5.106 37.5	0.064 0 1.7 4.33 6.48 6.094 94.0	0.067 0 2.5 6.25 7.75 8.817 113.8
Cu(ug/g)	SUM Bulk Leachable%	45 96.7	0 0.94 16.25 17.19 55 31.2	0 0 1.2 15.7 16.9 21.9 77.2 0.275	0.055 0.17 1.44 13.35 15.015 18.1 82.9	9.96 0 1.22 17.98 29.16 30.96 94.2	0.046 0.03 5.7 62.5 68.276 85 80.3	0.08 5.21 11.9 34.65 51.84 77.5 66.9	0.016 3.75 19.02 46.02 68.806 85 80.9	0 0.1 7.48 56.05 63.63 77.5 82.1	0 0 3.08 30.71 33.79 50 67.58 0.162	0 0.92 18.16 19.08 31.2 61.2	0 4.02 10.8 76.05 90.87 107.5 84.5	0 0.19 3.87 38.56 42.62 42.5 100.3	0 0.07 18.75 18.82 27.56 68.3	0 0 1.07 23.81 24.88 31.78 78.3 0.128	0 0.37 3.56 13.75 17.68 27.5 64.3
Zn(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.7 0.75 5.2 45.68 52.33 62.5 83.7	0.325 0.79 0.31 8.03 9.455 22.25 42.5	0.275 0 1.12 19.44 20.835 30.25 68.9	0.213 3.16 0.68 6.24 10.293 17.5 58.8	8.713 0.64 0.57 7.22 17.143 25 68.6	0.225 0 4.69 24.65 29.565 69.75 42.4	0.138 5.36 11.53 10.18 27.208 37.75 72.1	0.138 0.18 6.15 22.48 28.948 33 87.7	0.55 0 1.48 13.44 15.47 37.5 41.3	0.163 0 1.88 32.87 34.913 47.5 73.5	0.1 0.95 3.69 5.71 10.45 37.5 27.9	0.125 1.82 4.9 21.13 27.975 67.5 41.4	0.25 1.82 2.96 11.04 16.07 50 32.1	0.225 2.2 7.64 15.4 25.465 40 63.7	0.138 0.15 3.61 13.9 17.798 45 39.5	0.175 0.83 1.43 3.53 5.965 35 17.0

Table 5 Continued

Elements		SW-17	SDL-18	SM-19	SM-20	PS-21	PS-22	PY-23	PY-24	PL-25	PT-26	PT-27	PH-28	PH-31	PH-34	LDA-37	LDN-38
Hg(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.0002 0 0.0002 0.958 0.9584 0.864 110.9	0.0004 0 0.259	0.0003 0.0004 0.0002 0.264 0.2649 0.277 95.6		0.0004 0.0006 0.0006 0.321 0.3226 0.418 77.2	0.0001 0 0.0002 0.247 0.2473 0.286 86.5	0.0002 0.0004 0 0.239 0.2396 0.325 73.7	0.0003 0.0003 0.0003 0.454 0.4549 0.651 69.9	0.0008 0.0003 0.121		0 0.0004 0 0.107 0.1074 0.096 111.9	0 0.16	0 0.328	0.0002 0.0003 0.0003 0.224 0.2248 0.235 95.7	0 0.0004 0.0096 0.279 0.289 0.322 89.8	
As(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0 0 7.51 7.51 6.88 109.2	0 0 2.1 2.33 90.1	0 0 5.53 5.53 5.43 101.8	0.105 0 4.48 4.585 4.38 104.7	0 0 2.65 2.65 1.9 139.5	0 0 3.83 3.83 3 127.7	$0.039 \\ 0 \\ 4.31 \\ 4.349 \\ 4.13 \\ 105.3$	0 0 26.19 26.19 19.08 137.2	0.009 0 0.016 0.21 0.235 0.23 102.2	0 0 2.91 2.91 3.53 82.4	0 0 1.23 1.23 1.3 94.6	0 0.043 3.17 3.213 4.3 74.7	0 0 3.37 3.37 4 84.3	0 0 11.42 11.42 12.38 92.2	0 0 12.11 12.68 95.6	0 0 3.97 3.97 2.93 135.5
Se(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.023 0.02 0.045 1.717 1.805 1.93 93.5	0.061 0.045 0.073 2.137 2.316 3.03 76.4	0.057 0.024 0.036 1.065 1.182 1.35 87.6	0.053 0.069 0.117 3.707 3.946 4.38 90.1	0.026 0.032 0.02 0.637 0.715 1.03 69.4	0.112 0.05 0.086 1.437 1.685 2.08 81.0	0.136 0.031 0.054 1.247 1.468 1.75 83.9	0.046 0.024 0.03 1.507 1.607 2.3 69.9	$\begin{array}{c} 0.031 \\ 0.02 \\ 0.057 \\ 0.917 \\ 1.025 \\ 1.5 \\ 68.3 \end{array}$	0.158 0.027 0.08 1.847 2.112 2.95 71.6	0.046 0.005 0.075 1.717 1.843 2.58 71.4	0.035 0.005 0.056 1.607 1.703 2.9 58.7	0.203 0.039 0.071 1.598 1.911 2.13 89.7	0.073 0.043 0.105 1.978 2.199 2.05 107.2	0.037 0.011 0.06 2.687 2.795 3.95 70.8	0 0.031 0.009 1.547 1.587 2.78 57.1
Cd(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0 0.005 0.001 0.034 0.04 0.048 83.3	0 0.002 0.057 0.061 0.139 43.9	0.0014 0.008 0.007 0.025 0.0414 0.075 55.2	0.016 0.02 0.1	0 0 0.001	0 0.003 0.005 0.044 0.052 0.068 76.7	0.0011 0.007 0.05 0.043 0.1011 0.12 84.25	0 0.002 0.007 0.034 0.043 0.055 78.2	0.0005 0.045 0.017 0 0.0625 0.07 89.3	0.005 0.001 0.036	0.002 0.016 0.05 0.038 0.106 0.106 100	0.0014 0.003 0.009 0.025 0.0384 0.131 29.3	0.008 0.02 0.032	0.005 0.03 0.035	0.0013 0.011 0.1 0.136 0.2483 0.504 49.3	0.014 0.049 0.195
Tl(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0 0 0.099 0 0.099 0.18 55	0 0.042 0.071 0 0.113 0.1 113	0 0.087 0 0.087 0.4 21.75	0.01 0.056 0 0.066 0.38 17.4	0 0.047 0.005 0 0.052 0.18 28.9	0 0.074 0 0.074 0.45 16.4	0 0 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 100	0 0.173 0 0.173 0.65 26.6	0 0.016 0 0.016 0.55 2.9	0 0.004 0.029 0 0.033 0.2 16.5	0 0 0 0 0.38 0	0 0.005 0 0.005 0.25 2	0 0.052 0.038 0 0.09 0.23 39.1	0 0 0 0 0.33 0	0 0.068 0 0.068 0.35 19.4	0 0.053 0 0.01 0.063 0.73 8.6
Cr(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0 0.02 0 0.53 0.55 42.5 1.3	0 0.02 0 3.81 3.83 23.65 16.2	0 0.04 0 6.59 6.63 33.6 19.7	0.068 0.11 0 7.23 7.408 45.67 16.2	0 0.08 0 3.69 3.77 53.3 7.1	0 0.04 0 9.8 9.84 37.5 26.24	0 0.04 0 21.05 21.09 64.13 32.9	0 0.04 0 15.74 15.78 73.92 21.3	0.041 0.01 0.69 0.741 2.01 36.9	0.861 0 8.24 9.101 72.93 12.5	0.001 0 40.43 40.431 92.21 43.8	0 0 14.17 14.17 82.59 17.2	0 0 3.59 3.59 31.3 11.5	0 0 6.67 6.67 12.25 54.4	0 0.24 4.34 4.58 61.25 7.5	0 0.02 0 0.02 5.17 0.4
Ni(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.012 0.3 0.62 6.11 7.042 42.5 16.6	0 0.1 0.45 5.71 6.26 15.9 39.4	0.199 0.26 0.69 8.55 9.699 20.769 46.7	0.006 0.52 1.26 0 1.786 9.22 19.4	0.006 0.51 0.36 0 0.876 8.26 10.6	0.006 0.1 0.5 6 6.606 27.5 24.0	0 0.48 1.34 7 8.82 34.96 25.2	0 1.36 2.69 12.75 16.8 48.25 34.8	0.032 0.13 0.18 0 0.342 1.31 26.1	0.103 0.08 0.51 8.66 9.353 28.18 33.2	0.083 0.01 0.56 15.94 16.593 50.786 32.7	0.008 0 0.38 4.89 5.278 23.71 22.3	1.405 0.16 0.73 5.83 8.125 37.5 21.7	0.027 0.19 0.85 5.82 6.887 30 22.9	0.828 1.82 2.69 21.38 26.718 122.5 21.8	0.272 0.47 0.54 3 4.282 13.42 31.9
Pb(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.057 0 1.2 4.7 5.957 6.13 97.2	0.072 0 2.52 7.39 9.982 49.78 20.1	0.334 0 2.63 18.66 21.624 108.2 19.9	0.089 0.002 4.62 20.54 25.251 147.3 17.1	0.106 0.065 0.53 3.99 4.691 8.25 56.9	0.266 0 2.26 10 12.526 12.23 102.4	0.388 0 1.7 8.98 11.068 11.58 95.6	0.084 0 1.1 6.8 7.984 11.33 70.5	0.184 0.291 1.27 0.89 2.635 7.08 37.2	0.141 0 2.15 7.94 10.231 15.58 65.7	0.376 0.162 3.15 5.92 9.608 12.13 79.2	0.385 0 1.89 10.97 13.245 14.28 92.7	0.177 0.35 9.83 21.97 32.327 374.2 8.6	0.075 0.339 8.76 17.92 27.094 132.1 20.5	0.051 0 1.18 5.8 7.031 8.9 79	0.066 0 1.68 8.95 10.696 14.1 75.8
Cu(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0 1.3 4.52 13.37 19.19 30 63.97	0 0.46 3.16 17.24 20.86 36.5 57.2	0.143 0 0.51 9.95 10.603 19.75 53.7	0 3.35 4.46 44.37 52.18 51 102.3	0.027 0 0.27 4.99 5.287 32.5 16.3	0.099 1.86 5.73 48 55.689 90 61.9	0.243 0.73 3.15 26.93 31.053 38 81.7	0 0.77 5.19 51.49 57.45 77 74.6	0 0.15 3.98 4.13 6.87 60.1	0.036 0.87 3.67 41.71 46.286 74.9 61.8	0.162 0.1 2.12 20.71 23.092 33.52 68.9	0.134 0 2.52 17.96 20.614 27.09 76.1	0 0 1.32 10.96 12.28 20 61.4	0 0.8 6.97 7.77 17.5 44.4	0.081 0 0.82 33.6 34.501 42.5 81.2	0 0.14 7.95 8.09 40 20.2
Zn(ug/g)	W Ac7 Ac5 NA SUM Bulk Leachable%	0.25 7.21 10.67 10.87 29 55 52.7	0.2 1 2.02 7 10.22 47.5 21.5	0.188 0.16 0.45 3.7 4.498 35 12.8	0.175 0.89 3.57 48.56 53.195 77.5 68.6	0.225 1.17 8.88 0 10.275 45 22.8	1.388 0.83 2.31 9.7 14.228 40 35.6	0.575 0.46 2.46 12.93 16.425 55 29.9	0.2 6.41 3.07 25.73 35.41 47.5 74.5	0.138 5.22 2.54 0 7.898 35 22.6	0.15 0.97 3.8 9.03 13.95 37.5 37.2	0.225 3.13 9.09 7.88 20.325 42.5 47.8	0.138 0.51 2.73 18.42 21.798 52.5 41.5	0.163 0.41 0.91 4.44 5.923 37.5 15.8	$\begin{array}{c} 0.038\\ 0.34\\ 1.45\\ 2.54\\ 4.368\\ 32.5\\ 13.4 \end{array}$	0.188 0.26 1.65 31.19 33.288 67.5 49.3	0.163 0.45 2.61 25.48 28.703 50 57.4

leaching sequences are as follows: (1) dissolution of gypsum during the deionized and distilled water extraction; (2) dissolution of calcite and dolomite during NH_4Ac (pH=7,and pH=5) extraction; (3) dissolution of pyrite and marcasite during nitric acid extraction, and a little amount of organic matrix was dissolved in some sample at the same time.

The mobility of potentially toxic trace elements in coal

Table 5 shows the results of the analysis of the leachates obtained from the sequential extraction. From Table 5 it can be seen that the elements such as Hg, As, Se, Cd, Cu, and Pb have the highest mobility at surface conditions; and the average extractable fractions of Hg, As, Se, Cd, Cu, and Pb are 86%, 95%, 79%, 76%, 69%, and 69% of the total amount in coal, respectively. The elements in coal with the lowest leachability include Tl, Cr, and Ni; the average extractable fractions of them are 30%, 20%, and 29% of the total amount in coal, respectively. Zinc has an intermediate behavior, and the average leachable fraction of it accounts for 46% of the total amount in coal.

From Table 5, it can be seen that the amount of Hg, As, Se, Cu, and Pb in leachates from nitric acid accounts for most part of the bulk contents of these elements in coal (average 85.4% of total Hg, 94.8% of total As, 71.8% of total Se, 59.6% of total Cu, and 54.7% of total Pb in coal are found in the nitric extraction). As stated above, all of the pyrite and marcasite in coal are dissolved in all samples, and only a little amount of organic matrix is dissolved in part of the samples during nitric acid extraction. From the properties of elemental geochemistry of these elements, it can be seen that they all have a sulfide affinity, therefore, Hg, As, Se, Cu, Pb, and Zn mainly exist in sulfide minerals in coal. Of course, the possibility that there is a little amount of these elements existing in organic matter cannot be excluded. The leachable fraction in the nitric acid extraction of Cd accounts for 41.1% of the total amount of Cd in coal, and that 1 mol/l of $NH_4Ac(pH=5)$ extraction makes up to 23.5% of total amount. In addition, there is about 36.7% of the total amount of Cd in coal existing in the residue of the nitric acid extraction. This shows that Cd may exist in silicates, carbonates and sulfides in coal. On an average, 54% of the total amount of Zn in coal is in the residues of the nitric extraction, while another 32.1% is found in nitric acid leachates. Therefore, Zn in coal mainly exists in sulfide minerals and silicates. On the average, 70% of the total amount of Tl, 80% of total amount of Cr, and 71% of

total amount of Ni in coal exist in silicates. Since Cr is a lithophile element, it could exist in both primary and secondary silica minerals in coal. For Ni and Tl, they are sulphophile elements, and would be supposed to enter sulfide phases during peatification and coalification processes if they existed in primary minerals, therefore, in these coal samples most Ni and Tl could exist in secondary silica minerals which were brought in coal from surrounding rocks.

From the discussion above, the conclusion can be made that the mobility of PTTEs in coal depends on the speciation of these elements. The elements associated with sulfates, carbonates, sulfides and some organic matter in coal show the highest extraction rates during the weathering process, while elements with silicate affinities are inert at surface conditions. Since the speciation of PTTEs in coal varies among coals in different areas, and among the coal seams even in the same area, the mobility of these elements in one coal differs from that in another coal greatly.

Acknowledgements This project was financially supported by the Ninth Five Years' Key Foundation of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Scientific Foundation of Guizhou Province and Director Foundation of IGCAS.

References

- FENG X, CHEN Y, ZHU W (1997) The distribution of mercury species in soil. Chin J Geochem 16:183–188
- FENG X, HONG Y, HONG B (1998) Determination of trace mercury in coal using pressured digestion process and doublestage amalgamation coupled with cold atomic adsorption method. J Instrum Anal 17 (2):41-44
- FERNANDEZ-TURIEL JL, CARVALHO W DE, CABANAS M, QUE-ROL X (1994) Mobility of heavy metals from coal fly ash. Environ Geol 23:264-270
- QUEROL X, JUAN R, LOPEZ-SOLER A, FERNANDEZ-TURIEL JL (1996) Mobility of trace elements from coal and combustion wastes. Fuel 75(7): 821–838
- SWAINE DJ (1990) Trace elements in coal. Butterworths, London
- TESSIER A, CAMPBELL PGC, BISSON M (1979) Sequential extraction procedure for the speciation of particulate trace metals. Anal Chem 51:844–849
- TESSIER A, CAMPBELL PGC, BISSON M (1982) Particulate trace metal speciation in stream sediments and relationships with grain size: implications for geochemical exploration. J Geochem Explor 16:77–91
- WADGE A, HUTTON M (1987) The leachability and chemical speciation of selected trace elements in fly ash from coal combustion and refuse incineration. Environ Pollut 48:85-99