

Erratum

Intron Length and Codon Usage

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Re: J Mol Evol (2001) 52:2–5. The corrected version of Table 1 appears below.

Table 1. Coefficients of Spearman rank correlation between the frequency of optimal codons (FOP) and effective number of codons (ENC) and the within-gene average internal intron length and ratio of intervening to coding sequence lengths (IVS/CDS)

Organism	Number of genes analyzed	GC3s% of CDS mean CV, %	Frequency of optimal codons (FOP)		Effective number of codons (ENC)	
			Avg. intron length	IVS/CDS	Avg. intron length	IVS/CDS
<i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> (baker's yeast)	224	39.0	0.61 ($<10^{-4}$)	0.69 ($<10^{-4}$)	-0.59 ($<10^{-4}$)	-0.72 ($<10^{-4}$)
<i>Schizosaccharomyces pombe</i> (fission yeast)	2,309	30.8	—	—	-0.13 ($<10^{-4}$)	-0.10 ($<10^{-4}$)
<i>Emericella nidulans</i> (mold)	203	59.9	0.18 (<0.02)	0.44 ($<10^{-4}$)	-0.09 (<0.3)	-0.30 ($<10^{-4}$)
<i>Neurospora crassa</i> (fungus)	133	70.6	0.15 (<0.1)	0.36 ($<10^{-4}$)	-0.14 (<0.2)	-0.35 ($<10^{-3}$)
<i>Candida albicans</i> (pathogenic yeast)	34	26.1	—	—	-0.77 ($<10^{-4}$)	-0.60 ($<10^{-3}$)
<i>Dictyostelium discoideum</i> (cellular slime mold)	138	15.7	0.35 ($<10^{-4}$)	0.15 (<0.1)	-0.01 (<0.7)	-0.27 ($<10^{-3}$)
<i>Tetrahymena thermophila</i> (ciliate)	22	40.0	—	—	-0.62 (<0.01)	-0.59 (<0.01)
<i>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</i> (unicellular plant)	83	86.2	—	—	-0.16 (<0.2)	0.06 (<0.6)
<i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> (nematode)	14,673	37.6	-0.03 ($<10^{-3}$)	-0.07 ($<10^{-4}$)	0.12 ($<10^{-4}$)	0.14 ($<10^{-4}$)
<i>Xenopus laevis</i> (clawed frog)	54	50.3	—	—	0.23 (<0.1)	0.11 (<0.5)
<i>Gallus gallus</i> (chicken)	158	67.5	—	—	0.34 ($<10^{-4}$)	0.30 ($<10^{-3}$)
<i>Mus musculus</i> (mouse)	981	62.2	—	—	0.07 (<0.03)	0.15 ($<10^{-4}$)
<i>Rattus norvegicus</i> (rat)	348	62.7	—	—	0.17 (<0.01)	0.26 ($<10^{-4}$)
<i>Homo sapiens</i> (human)	2,543	64.0	—	—	0.25 ($<10^{-4}$)	0.27 ($<10^{-4}$)
<i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> (thale cress)	21,238	40.0	—	—	0.16 ($<10^{-4}$)	0.05 (<0.12)
<i>Zea mays</i> (corn)	91	76.6	—	—	0.26 (<0.02)	0.55 ($<10^{-4}$)

Significance levels are shown in parentheses; the empty cells are because optimal codons are not known for the corresponding species. Sequences were extracted from GenBank (only the complete ones). Genes were checked for duplicates on the ground of gene names. The intron/exon boundaries were taken from annotations.