



Norm and Essential Norm of a Weighted Composition Operator on the Bloch Space

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Abstract. Some new estimates for the norm and essential norm of a weighted composition operator on the Bloch space are given in this paper.

Mathematics Subject Classification. Primary 30H30; Secondary 47B38.

Keywords. Weighted composition operator, Norm, Essential norm, Bloch space.

1. Introduction

Let $\mathbb{D} = \{z : |z| < 1\}$ be the unit disk in the complex plane and $H(\mathbb{D})$ be the space of all analytic functions on \mathbb{D} . For $a \in \mathbb{D}$, let σ_a be the automorphism of \mathbb{D} exchanging 0 for a , namely $\sigma_a(z) = \frac{a-z}{1-\bar{a}z}$, $z \in \mathbb{D}$. For $0 < p < \infty$, the Bergman space A^p consists of all $f \in H(\mathbb{D})$ such that

$$\|f\|_{A^p}^p = \int_{\mathbb{D}} |f(z)|^p dA(z) < \infty,$$

where $dA(z) = \frac{1}{\pi} dx dy$ denote the normalized area Lebesgue measure. The Bloch space, denoted by $\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{D})$, is the space of all $f \in H(\mathbb{D})$ such that

$$\|f\|_{\mathcal{B}} = \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} (1 - |z|^2) |f'(z)| < \infty.$$

Under the norm $\|f\|_{\mathcal{B}} = |f(0)| + \|f\|_{\mathcal{B}}$, the Bloch space is a Banach space. From Theorem 1 of [1], we see that

$$\|f\|_{\mathcal{B}} \approx \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \sigma_a - f(a)\|_{A^2}.$$

See [23] for more information of the Bloch space.

The Xiaosong Liu was supported by NSF of China (No. 11471143). The Songxiao Li was supported by the Macao Science and Technology Development Fund (No. 083/2014/A2) and NSF of China (No. 11471143).

For $0 < p < \infty$, let H^p denote the Hardy space of functions $f \in H(\mathbb{D})$ such that

$$\|f\|_{H^p}^p = \sup_{0 < r < 1} \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} |f(re^{i\theta})|^p d\theta < \infty.$$

We say that an $f \in H(\mathbb{D})$ belongs to the $BMOA$ space, if

$$\|f\|_*^2 = \sup_{I \subseteq \partial\mathbb{D}} \frac{1}{|I|} \int_I |f(\zeta) - f_I|^2 \frac{d\zeta}{2\pi} < \infty,$$

where $f_I = \frac{1}{|I|} \int_I f(\zeta) \frac{d\zeta}{2\pi}$. It is well known that $BMOA$ is a Banach space under the norm $\|f\|_{BMOA} = |f(0)| + \|f\|_*$. From [6], we have

$$\|f\|_* \approx \sup_{w \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \sigma_w - f(w)\|_{H^2}.$$

Throughout the paper, $S(\mathbb{D})$ denotes the set of all analytic self-maps of \mathbb{D} . Let $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$ and $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$. The composition operator C_φ and the multiplication operator M_u are defined by

$$(C_\varphi f)(z) = f(\varphi(z)), \quad (M_u f)(z) = u(z)f(z), \quad f \in H(\mathbb{D}), \quad z \in \mathbb{D}.$$

The weighted composition operator uC_φ , induced by u and φ , is defined as follows.

$$(uC_\varphi f)(z) = u(z)f(\varphi(z)), \quad f \in H(\mathbb{D}).$$

It is clear that the weighted composition operator uC_φ is the composition of C_φ and M_u .

It is well known that C_φ is bounded on $BMOA$ for any $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$ by Littlewood’s subordination theorem. The compactness of the operator $C_\varphi : BMOA \rightarrow BMOA$ was studied in [2, 5, 17, 19, 20]. Based on results in [2] and [17], Wulan in [19] showed that $C_\varphi : BMOA \rightarrow BMOA$ is compact if and only if

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|\varphi^n\|_* = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \lim_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|\sigma_a \circ \varphi\|_* = 0.$$

In [20], Wulan, Zheng and Zhu further showed that $C_\varphi : BMOA \rightarrow BMOA$ is compact if and only if $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|\varphi^n\|_* = 0$. In [8], Laitila gave some function theoretic characterizations for the boundedness and compactness of the operator $uC_\varphi : BMOA \rightarrow BMOA$. In [4], Colonna used the idea of [20] and showed that $uC_\varphi : BMOA \rightarrow BMOA$ is compact if and only if

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_* = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \lim_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \left(\log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(a)|^2} \right) \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{H^2} = 0.$$

Motivated by results in [4], Laitila and Lindström gave estimates for norm and essential norm of the weighted composition operator $uC_\varphi : BMOA \rightarrow BMOA$ in [9]. Among others, they showed that, under the assumption of the boundedness of uC_φ on $BMOA$,

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, BMOA \rightarrow BMOA} \approx \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_* + \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \left(\log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(a)|^2} \right) \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{H^2}.$$

Recall that the essential norm of a bounded linear operator $T : X \rightarrow Y$ is its distance to the set of compact operators K mapping X into Y , that is,

$$\|T\|_{e, X \rightarrow Y} = \inf\{\|T - K\|_{X \rightarrow Y} : K \text{ is compact}\},$$

where X, Y are Banach spaces and $\|\cdot\|_{X \rightarrow Y}$ is the operator norm.

By Schwarz–Pick Lemma, it is easy to see that $C_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ is bounded for any $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$. The compactness of C_φ on \mathcal{B} was studied in [10, 12, 18, 20, 22]. In [20], Wulan, Zheng and Zhu proved that $C_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ is compact if and only if $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} = 0$. In [22], Zhao obtained the exact value for the essential norm of $C_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ as follows.

$$\|C_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} = \left(\frac{e}{2}\right) \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}}.$$

In [14], Ohno, Stroethoff and Zhao studied the boundedness and compactness of the operator $uC_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$. In [3], Colonna provided a new characterization of the boundedness and compactness of the operator $uC_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ by using $\|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}}$. The essential norm of the operator $uC_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ was studied in [7, 11, 13]. In [11], the authors proved that

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \approx \max\left(\limsup_{|\varphi(z)| \rightarrow 1} \frac{|u(z)\varphi'(z)|(1 - |z|^2)}{1 - |\varphi(z)|^2}, \limsup_{|\varphi(z)| \rightarrow 1} \log \frac{e}{1 - |\varphi(z)|^2} |u'(z)|(1 - |z|^2)\right)$$

In [7], the authors obtained a new estimate for the essential norm of $uC_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$, i.e., they showed that

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \approx \max\left(\limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|I_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{B}}, \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} (\log j) \|J_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{B}}\right),$$

where $I_u f(z) = \int_0^z f'(\zeta)u(\zeta)d\zeta$, $J_u f(z) = \int_0^z f(\zeta)u'(\zeta)d\zeta$.

Motivated by the work of [3, 4, 9, 20], the aim of this article is to give some new estimates for the norm and essential norm of the operator $uC_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$. The techniques we use are strongly inspired by the work on *BMOA* done by Laitila and his collaborators (see [9]).

Throughout this paper, constants are denoted by C , they are positive and may differ from one occurrence to the other. The notation $a \lesssim b$ means that there is a positive constant C such that $a \leq Cb$. Moreover, if both $a \lesssim b$ and $b \lesssim a$ hold, then one says that $a \approx b$.

2. Norm of uC_φ on the Bloch Space

In this section we give some estimates for the norm of the operator $uC_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$. For this purpose, we need some lemmas which we state as follows. The following lemma can be found in [23].

Lemma 2.1. *Let $f \in \mathcal{B}$. Then*

$$|f(z)| \lesssim \log \frac{2}{1 - |z|^2} \|f\|_{\mathcal{B}}, \quad z \in \mathbb{D}.$$

Lemma 2.2. For $2 \leq p < \infty$ and $f \in \mathcal{B}$,

$$\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \sigma_a - f(a)\|_{A^2} \approx \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \sigma_a - f(a)\|_{A^p}.$$

Proof. Using the Hölder inequality, we get

$$\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \sigma_a - f(a)\|_{A^2} \leq \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \sigma_a - f(a)\|_{A^p}, \tag{2.1}$$

for $2 \leq p < \infty$.

On the other hand, there exists a constant $C > 0$ such that (see [21, p.38])

$$\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \sigma_a - f(a)\|_{A^p} \leq C \|f\|_{\mathcal{B}} \lesssim \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \sigma_a - f(a)\|_{A^2}, \tag{2.2}$$

which, combined with (2.1), implies the desired result. □

Lemma 2.3. [16] For $f \in A^2$,

$$\|f\|_{A^2}^2 \approx |f(0)|^2 + \int_{\mathbb{D}} |f'(w)|^2 (1 - |w|^2)^2 dA(w).$$

The classical Nevanlinna counting function N_φ and the generalized Nevanlinna counting functions $N_{\varphi,\gamma}$ for φ are defined by (see [15])

$$N_\varphi(w) = \sum_{z \in \varphi^{-1}\{w\}} \log \frac{1}{|z|} \text{ and } N_{\varphi,\gamma}(w) = \sum_{z \in \varphi^{-1}\{w\}} \left(\log \frac{1}{|z|}\right)^\gamma,$$

respectively, where $\gamma > 0$ and $w \in \mathbb{D} \setminus \{\varphi(0)\}$.

Lemma 2.4. [16] Let $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$ and $f \in A^2$. Then

$$\|f \circ \varphi\|_{A^2}^2 \approx |f(\varphi(0))|^2 + \int_{\mathbb{D}} |f'(w)|^2 N_{\varphi,2}(w) dA(w).$$

Lemma 2.5. [15] Let $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$ and $\gamma > 0$. If $\varphi(0) \neq 0$ and $0 < r < |\varphi(0)|$, then

$$N_{\varphi,\gamma}(0) \leq \frac{1}{r^2} \int_{r\mathbb{D}} N_{\varphi,\gamma} dA.$$

Lemma 2.6. Let $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$ such that $\varphi(0) = 0$. If $\sup_{0 < |w| < 1} |w|^2 N_{\varphi,2}(w) < \delta$, then

$$N_{\varphi,2}(w) \leq \frac{4\delta}{(\log 2)^2} \left(\log \frac{1}{|w|}\right)^2 \tag{2.3}$$

when $\frac{1}{2} \leq |w| < 1$.

Proof. See the proof of Lemma 2.1 in [17]. □

Lemma 2.7. For all $g \in A^2$ and $\phi \in S(\mathbb{D})$ such $g(0) = \phi(0) = 0$, we have

$$\|g \circ \phi\|_{A^2} \lesssim \|\phi\|_{A^2} \|g\|_{A^2}. \tag{2.4}$$

In particular, for all $f \in \mathcal{B}$, $a \in \mathbb{D}$ and $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$,

$$\|f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))\|_{A^2} \lesssim \|\sigma_{\varphi(a)} \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a\|_{A^2} \|f \circ \sigma_a - f(a)\|_{A^2}.$$

Proof. Let $\phi \in S(\mathbb{D})$ such that $\phi(0) = 0$. Then,

$$\|\sigma_z \circ \phi - \sigma_z(\phi(0))\|_{A^2}^2 = \int_{\mathbb{D}} \frac{(1 - |z|^2)^2 |\phi(w)|^2}{|1 - \bar{z}\phi(w)|^2} dA(w) \leq 4\|\phi\|_{A^2}^2. \tag{2.5}$$

From Lemma 2.3 and (2.5) we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} \|\sigma_z \circ \phi - \sigma_z(\phi(0))\|_{A^2}^2 &= \int_{\mathbb{D}} |(\sigma_z \circ \phi)'|^2 \left(\log \frac{1}{|w|}\right)^2 dA(w) \\ &= \int_{\mathbb{D}} N_{\sigma_z \circ \phi, 2} dA(w) \leq 4\|\phi\|_{A^2}^2. \end{aligned} \tag{2.6}$$

For $z \in \mathbb{D} \setminus \{0\}$, from Lemma 4.2 in [16] and Lemma 2.5, we have

$$|z|^2 N_{\phi, 2}(z) = |z|^2 N_{\sigma_z \circ \phi, 2}(0) \leq \int_{|z|\mathbb{D}} N_{\sigma_z \circ \phi, 2}(w) dA(w) \leq 4\|\phi\|_{A^2}^2. \tag{2.7}$$

So, by Lemma 2.6 we get

$$N_{\phi, 2}(z) \leq \frac{16}{(\log 2)^2} \|\phi\|_{A^2}^2 \left(\log \frac{1}{|z|}\right)^2, \tag{2.8}$$

for $z \in \mathbb{D} \setminus \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{D}$. Thus,

$$\int_{\mathbb{D} \setminus \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{D}} |g'(z)|^2 N_{\phi, 2}(z) dA(z) \leq \frac{16}{(\log 2)^2} \|\phi\|_{A^2}^2 \|g\|_{A^2}^2. \tag{2.9}$$

In addition, for $z \in \mathbb{D}$ and $g \in A^2$, from Theorems 4.14 and 4.28 of [23], we have $|g'(z)| \leq (1 - |z|^2)^{-2} \|g\|_{A^2}$. Then,

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{\frac{1}{2}\mathbb{D}} |g'(z)|^2 N_{\phi, 2}(z) dA(z) &\leq 16\|g\|_{A^2}^2 \int_{\frac{1}{2}\mathbb{D}} N_{\phi, 2}(z) dA(z) \\ &\leq 16\|\phi\|_{A^2}^2 \|g\|_{A^2}^2. \end{aligned} \tag{2.10}$$

Since $g(0) = 0$, by Lemma 2.4 we have

$$\|g \circ \phi\|_{A^2}^2 \approx \int_{\mathbb{D}} |g'(z)|^2 N_{\phi, 2}(z) dA(z). \tag{2.11}$$

Combine with (2.9), (2.10) and (2.11), we obtain

$$\|g \circ \phi\|_{A^2} \lesssim \|\phi\|_{A^2} \|g\|_{A^2},$$

as desired. In particular, for all $f \in \mathcal{B}$, $a \in \mathbb{D}$ and $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$, if we set

$$g = f \circ \sigma_{\varphi(a)} - f(\varphi(a)), \quad \phi = \sigma_{\varphi(a)} \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a,$$

we get

$$\|f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))\|_{A^2} \lesssim \|\sigma_{\varphi(a)} \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a\|_{A^2} \|f \circ \sigma_a - f(a)\|_{A^2}. \quad \square$$

For the simplicity of the rest of this paper, we introduce the following abbreviation. Set

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha(u, \varphi, a) &= |u(a)| \cdot \|\sigma_{\varphi(a)} \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a\|_{A^2}, \\ \beta(u, \varphi, a) &= \log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(a)|^2} \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2}, \end{aligned}$$

where $a \in \mathbb{D}$, $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$ and $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$.

Theorem 2.8. *Let $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$ and $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$. Then*

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \approx |u(0)| \log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(0)|^2} + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a).$$

Proof. First we give the upper estimate for $\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}$. For all $f \in \mathcal{B}$, using the triangle inequality, we get

$$\begin{aligned} & \| (uC_\varphi f) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi f)(a) \|_{A^2} \\ &= \| (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)) \cdot (f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))) \\ &\quad + u(a)(f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))) + (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))f(\varphi(a)) \|_{A^2} \\ &\leq \| (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)) \cdot (f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))) \|_{A^2} \\ &\quad + |u(a)| \| f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a)) \|_{A^2} + |f(\varphi(a))| \| u \circ \sigma_a - u(a) \|_{A^2}. \end{aligned} \tag{2.12}$$

By Lemmas 2.1 and 2.7, we have

$$\begin{aligned} & |u(a)| \| f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a)) \|_{A^2} + |f(\varphi(a))| \| u \circ \sigma_a - u(a) \|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim \alpha(u, \varphi, a) \| f \circ \sigma_a - f(a) \|_{A^2} + \log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(a)|^2} \| u \circ \sigma_a - u(a) \|_{A^2} \| f \|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ &\lesssim (\alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \beta(u, \varphi, a)) \| f \|_{\mathcal{B}}. \end{aligned} \tag{2.13}$$

From Lemmas 2.1 and 2.2, we get

$$\begin{aligned} & \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \| (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)) \cdot (f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))) \|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \log 2 \| u \circ \sigma_a - u(a) \|_{A^2} \| f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a)) \|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(a)|^2} \| u \circ \sigma_a - \psi(a) \|_{A^2} \| f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a)) \|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a) \| f \circ \varphi \|_{\mathcal{B}} \lesssim \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a) \| f \|_{\mathcal{B}}. \end{aligned} \tag{2.14}$$

Then, by (2.12), (2.13) and (2.14), we have

$$\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \| (uC_\varphi f) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi f)(a) \|_{A^2} \lesssim \left(\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a) \right) \| f \|_{\mathcal{B}}.$$

In addition, by Lemma 2.1, $|(uC_\varphi f)(0)| \lesssim |u(0)| \log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(0)|^2} \| f \|_{\mathcal{B}}$, we get

$$\begin{aligned} & \| uC_\varphi f \|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ &\approx |(uC_\varphi f)(0)| + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \| (uC_\varphi f) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi f)(a) \|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim |u(0)| \log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(0)|^2} \| f \|_{\mathcal{B}} + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \alpha(u, \varphi, a) \| f \|_{\mathcal{B}} + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a) \| f \|_{\mathcal{B}}, \end{aligned}$$

which implies

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \lesssim |u(0)| \log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(0)|^2} + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a). \tag{2.15}$$

Next we find the lower estimate for $\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}$. Let $f = 1$. It is easy to see that $\|u\|_{\mathcal{B}} \leq \|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}$. For any $a \in \mathbb{D}$, set

$$f_a(z) = \sigma_{\varphi(a)}(z) - \varphi(a), \quad z \in \mathbb{D}. \tag{2.16}$$

Then, $f_a(0) = 0$, $f_a(\varphi(a)) = -\varphi(a)$, $\|f_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} \leq 4$ and $\|f_a\|_{\infty} \leq 2$. Using the triangle inequality, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha(u, \varphi, a) &= |u(a)| \cdot \|\sigma_{\varphi(a)} \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - \varphi(a) + \varphi(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &= \|u(a) \cdot (f_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f_a(\varphi(a)))\|_{A^2} \\ &\leq \|(u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)) \cdot f_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a\|_{A^2} \\ &\quad + \|(u \circ \sigma_a) \cdot f_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - u(a)f_a(\varphi(a))\|_{A^2} \\ &\leq 2\|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} + \|(uC_{\varphi}f_a) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_{\varphi}f_a)(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\leq 2\|u\|_{\mathcal{B}} + 4\|uC_{\varphi}\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \leq 6\|uC_{\varphi}\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}. \end{aligned} \tag{2.17}$$

Set

$$h_a(z) = \log \frac{2}{1 - \varphi(a)z}, \quad z \in \mathbb{D}. \tag{2.18}$$

Then, $h_a \in \mathcal{B}$, $h_a(\varphi(a)) = \log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(a)|^2}$ and $\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|h_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} \leq 2 + \log 2$. Using the triangle inequality and Lemma 2.7, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} &\beta(u, \varphi, a) \\ &= \left\| \log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(a)|^2} \cdot (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)) \right\|_{A^2} \\ &= \|h_a(\varphi(a))(u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))\|_{A^2} \\ &\leq \|(h_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - h_a(\varphi(a))) \cdot (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))\|_{A^2} \\ &\quad + \|(u \circ \sigma_a) \cdot h_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - u(a)h_a(\varphi(a))\|_{A^2} \\ &\quad + \|u(a)(h_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - h_a(\varphi(a)))\|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim \|(h_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - h_a(\varphi(a))) \cdot (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))\|_{A^2} \\ &\quad + \|(uC_{\varphi}h_a) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_{\varphi}h_a)(a)\|_{A^2} + \alpha(u, \varphi, a)\|h_a \circ \sigma_a - h_a(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim \|(h_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - h_a(\varphi(a))) \cdot (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))\|_{A^2} \\ &\quad + (2 + \log 2)\|uC_{\varphi}\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} + (2 + \log 2)\alpha(u, \varphi, a). \end{aligned} \tag{2.19}$$

By Lemmas 2.2 and 2.7, we have

$$\begin{aligned} &\|(h_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - h_a(\varphi(a))) \cdot (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))\|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim \|(h_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - h_a(\varphi(a)))\|_{A^2} \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\leq \|h_a \circ \varphi\|_{\mathcal{B}} \|u\|_{\mathcal{B}} \lesssim \|uC_{\varphi}\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}. \end{aligned} \tag{2.20}$$

Combining (2.17), (2.19) and (2.20), we have

$$\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a) \lesssim \|uC_{\varphi}\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}.$$

Moreover,

$$|u(0)| \log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(0)|^2} = |(uC_{\varphi}h_0)(0)| \leq (2 + \log 2)\|uC_{\varphi}\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \lesssim \|uC_{\varphi}\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}.$$

Therefore,

$$|u(0)| \log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(0)|^2} + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a) \lesssim \|uC_{\varphi}\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}. \quad \square$$

Lemma 2.9. *Suppose that $uC_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ is bounded. Then*

$$\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|uC_\varphi(\sigma_{\varphi(a)} - \varphi(a))\|_{\mathcal{B}} \approx \sup_{n \geq 0} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} \tag{2.21}$$

and

$$\limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi(\sigma_{\varphi(a)} - \varphi(a))\|_{\mathcal{B}} \lesssim \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}}. \tag{2.22}$$

Proof. From Corollary 2.1 of [3], we see that

$$\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|uC_\varphi \sigma_{\varphi(a)}\|_{\mathcal{B}} \approx \sup_{n \geq 0} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}}.$$

Then (2.21) follows immediately.

The Taylor expansion of $\sigma_{\varphi(a)} - \varphi(a)$ is

$$\sigma_{\varphi(a)} - \varphi(a) = - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\overline{\varphi(a)})^n (1 - |\varphi(a)|^2) z^{n+1}.$$

Then, by the boundedness of $uC_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ we have

$$\|uC_\varphi(\sigma_{\varphi(a)} - \varphi(a))\|_{\mathcal{B}} \leq (1 - |\varphi(a)|^2) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |\varphi(a)|^n \|u\varphi^{n+1}\|_{\mathcal{B}}.$$

For each N , set

$$M_1 =: \sum_{n=0}^N |\varphi(a)|^n \|u\varphi^{n+1}\|_{\mathcal{B}}.$$

Then we get

$$\begin{aligned} & \|uC_\varphi(\sigma_{\varphi(a)} - \varphi(a))\|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ & \leq (1 - |\varphi(a)|^2) \sum_{n=0}^N |\varphi(a)|^n \|u\varphi^{n+1}\|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ & \quad + (1 - |\varphi(a)|^2) \sum_{n=N+1}^{\infty} |\varphi(a)|^n \|u\varphi^{n+1}\|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ & \leq M_1(1 - |\varphi(a)|^2) + ((1 - |\varphi(a)|^2) \sum_{n=N+1}^{\infty} |\varphi(a)|^n \sup_{n \geq N+1} \|u\varphi^{n+1}\|_{\mathcal{B}}) \\ & \leq M_1(1 - |\varphi(a)|^2) + 2 \sup_{n \geq N+1} \|u\varphi^{n+1}\|_{\mathcal{B}}. \end{aligned}$$

Taking $\limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1}$ in the last inequality and then letting $N \rightarrow \infty$, we get the desired result. □

Proposition 2.10. *Let $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$ and $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$. Then the following claims hold.*

(i) *For $a \in \mathbb{D}$, let $f_a(z) = \sigma_{\varphi(a)} - \varphi(a)$. Then*

$$\alpha(u, \varphi, a) \lesssim \frac{\beta(u, \varphi, a)}{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}} + \|(uC_\varphi f_a) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi f_a)(a)\|_{A^2}.$$

(ii) For $a \in \mathbb{D}$, let $g_a = \frac{h_a^2}{\bar{h}_a(\varphi(a))}$, where $h_a(z) = \log \frac{2}{1-\varphi(a)z}$. Then

$$\beta(u, \varphi, a) \lesssim \alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \|(g_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - g_a(\varphi(a))) \cdot (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))\|_{A^2} + \|(uC_\varphi g_a) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi g_a)(a)\|_{A^2}.$$

(iii) For all $f \in \mathcal{B}$ and $a \in \mathbb{D}$,

$$\begin{aligned} & \|(uC_\varphi f) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi f)(a)\|_{A^2} \\ & \lesssim \|(u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)) \cdot (f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a)))\|_{A^2} \\ & \quad + (\alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \beta(u, \varphi, a))\|f\|_{\mathcal{B}}. \end{aligned}$$

(iv) For all $f \in \mathcal{B}$ and $a \in \mathbb{D}$,

$$\begin{aligned} & \|(u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)) \cdot (f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a)))\|_{A^2} \\ & \lesssim \|f\|_{\mathcal{B}} \min \left\{ \sup_{w \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, w), \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}} \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

Proof. (i) It is easy to see that $\|f_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a\|_\infty \leq 2$. For any $a \in \mathbb{D}$, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha(u, \varphi, a) &= |u(a)| \|f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))\|_{A^2} \\ &= \|(u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)) \cdot f_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi f_a) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi f_a)(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} + \|(uC_\varphi f_a) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi f_a)(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\leq \frac{\beta(u, \varphi, a)}{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}} + \|(uC_\varphi f_a) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi f_a)(a)\|_{A^2}. \end{aligned}$$

(ii) It is obvious that $g_a(\varphi(a)) = \log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}$. Since $(g_a \circ \sigma_{\varphi(a)} - g_a(\varphi(a)))(0) = 0$,

$$g_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - g_a(\varphi(a)) = g_a \circ \sigma_{\varphi(a)} \circ (\sigma_{\varphi(a)} \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a) - g_a(\varphi(a)),$$

by Lemma 2.7 and the fact that $\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} < \infty$ we obtain

$$|u(a)| \|g_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - g_a(\varphi(a))\|_{A^2} \lesssim \alpha(u, \varphi, a) \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} \lesssim \alpha(u, \varphi, a).$$

By the triangle inequality we get

$$\begin{aligned} & \beta(u, \varphi, a) \\ &= \|g_a(\varphi(a)) \cdot (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))\|_{A^2} \\ &= \|(g_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - g_a(\varphi(a))) \cdot (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)) \\ & \quad + u(a)(g_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - g_a(\varphi(a))) - (u(a)g_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - u(a)g_a(\varphi(a)))\|_{A^2} \\ &\leq \|(g_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - g_a(\varphi(a))) \cdot (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))\|_{A^2} \\ & \quad + |u(a)| \|g_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - g_a(\varphi(a))\|_{A^2} + \|(uC_\varphi g_a) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi g_a)(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim \alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \|(g_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - g_a(\varphi(a))) \cdot (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))\|_{A^2} \\ & \quad + \|(uC_\varphi g_a) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi g_a)(a)\|_{A^2}, \end{aligned}$$

as desired.

(iii) See the proof of Theorem 2.8.

(iv) Using the fact that $\log 2 \leq \log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}$ and Theorem 2.8, we have

$$\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} \leq \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a) \lesssim \|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}. \tag{2.23}$$

By Lemma 2.2 and the Hölder inequality, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} & \| (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)) \cdot (f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))) \|_{A^2}^2 \\ &= \| (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))^2 (f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a)))^2 \|_{A^1} \\ &\leq \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^4} \|f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))\|_{A^8}^2 \\ &\leq \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^4} \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))\|_{A^8}^2 \\ &\lesssim \beta(u, \varphi, a) \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} \frac{\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))\|_{A^2}^2}{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}. \end{aligned}$$

Then, by the boundedness of C_φ on \mathcal{B} and (2.23), we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} & \beta(u, \varphi, a) \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} \frac{\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))\|_{A^2}^2}{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}} \\ &\lesssim \left(\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a) \right)^2 \frac{\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))\|_{A^2}^2}{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}} \\ &\lesssim \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - f(\varphi(a))\|_{A^2}^2 \min \left\{ \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a), \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}} \right\}^2 \\ &\lesssim \|f \circ \varphi\|_{\mathcal{B}}^2 \min \left\{ \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a), \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}} \right\}^2 \\ &\lesssim \|f\|_{\mathcal{B}}^2 \min \left\{ \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a), \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}} \right\}^2, \end{aligned}$$

as desired. □

Theorem 2.11. *Let $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$ and $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$. Suppose that uC_φ is bounded on \mathcal{B} . Then*

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \approx |u(0)| \log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(0)|^2} + \sup_{n \geq 0} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a).$$

Proof. For any $f \in \mathcal{B}$, by (iii) and (iv) of Proposition 2.10, we get

$$\|uC_\varphi f\|_{\mathcal{B}} \lesssim \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} (\alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \beta(u, \varphi, a)) \|f\|_{\mathcal{B}}.$$

By Lemma 2.9 and (i) of Proposition 2.10, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha(u, \varphi, a) &\lesssim \beta(u, \varphi, a) / \log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2} + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|uC_\varphi f a\|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ &\lesssim \beta(u, \varphi, a) + \sup_{n \geq 0} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}}. \end{aligned}$$

Thus,

$$\|uC_\varphi f\|_{\mathcal{B}} \lesssim \left(\sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a) + \sup_{n \geq 0} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} \right) \|f\|_{\mathcal{B}}.$$

In addition, $(uC_\varphi f)(0) = |u(0)| |f(\varphi(0))| \lesssim |u(0)| \log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(0)|^2} \|f\|_{\mathcal{B}}$. Thus,

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \lesssim |u(0)| \log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(0)|^2} + \sup_{n \geq 0} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a).$$

On the other hand, let $p_n(z) = z^n$. Then $p_n \in \mathcal{B}$ for all $n \geq 0$. Thus

$$\sup_{n \geq 0} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} = \sup_{n \geq 0} \|(uC_\varphi)p_n\|_{\mathcal{B}} \leq \|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} < \infty,$$

which, together with Theorem 2.8, implies

$$|u(0)| \log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(0)|^2} + \sup_n \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \beta(u, \varphi, a) \lesssim \|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}. \quad \square$$

Corollary 2.12. *Let $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$ and $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$. Then $uC_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ is bounded if and only if*

$$\sup_{n \geq 0} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} < \infty \text{ and } \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2} \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} < \infty.$$

3. Essential Norm of uC_φ on the Bloch Space

In this section we characterize the essential norm of the weighted composition operator $uC_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ in several forms, specially we will give characterizations in terms of the Bloch norm of $u\varphi^n$. For $t \in (0, 1)$, we define

$$E(\varphi, a, t) = \{z \in \mathbb{D} : |(\sigma_{\varphi(a)} \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a)(z)| > t\}.$$

Similarly to the proof of Lemma 9 of [9], we get the following result. Since the proof is similar, we omit the details.

Lemma 3.1. *Let $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$ and $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$. Then*

$$\tilde{\gamma} := \limsup_{r \rightarrow 1} \limsup_{t \rightarrow 1} \sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} \left(\int_{E(\varphi, a, t)} |u(\sigma_a(z))|^4 dA(z) \right)^{1/4} \lesssim \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}}.$$

Theorem 3.2. *Let $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$ and $\varphi \in S(\mathbb{D})$ such that $uC_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ is bounded. Then*

$$\begin{aligned} \|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} &\approx \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ &\approx \tilde{\alpha} + \tilde{\beta} + \tilde{\gamma} \\ &\approx \tilde{\alpha} + \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \tilde{\gamma} \\ &\approx \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \tilde{\beta}, \end{aligned}$$

where $\tilde{\alpha} = \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \alpha(u, \varphi, a)$, $\tilde{\beta} = \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \beta(u, \varphi, a)$ and

$$g_a(z) = \left(\log \frac{2}{1 - \varphi(a)z} \right)^2 \left(\log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(a)|^2} \right)^{-1}.$$

Proof. Set $f_n(z) = z^n$. It is well known that $f_n \in \mathcal{B}$ and $f_n \rightarrow 0$ weakly in \mathcal{B} as $n \rightarrow \infty$. Then

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \gtrsim \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|uC_\varphi f_n\|_{\mathcal{B}} = \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}}. \tag{3.1}$$

Choose $a_n \in \mathbb{D}$ such that $|\varphi(a_n)| \rightarrow 1$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$. It is easy to check that g_{a_n} are uniformly bounded in \mathcal{B} and converges weakly to zero in \mathcal{B} (see [14]). By these facts we obtain

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \gtrsim \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|uC_\varphi g_{a_n}\|_{\mathcal{B}} = \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}}. \tag{3.2}$$

By (3.1) and (3.2), we obtain

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \gtrsim \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}}. \tag{3.3}$$

From (i) of Proposition 2.10, we see that

$$\alpha(u, \varphi, a) \lesssim \frac{\beta(u, \varphi, a)}{\log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(a)|^2}} + \|uC_\varphi f_a\|_{\mathcal{B}},$$

which together with Lemma 2.9 implies that

$$\tilde{\alpha} = \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \alpha(u, \varphi, a) \lesssim \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi f_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} \lesssim \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}}. \tag{3.4}$$

From (ii) and (iv) of Proposition 2.10, we see that

$$\begin{aligned} \beta(u, \varphi, a) &\lesssim \alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \|(g_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - g_a(\varphi(a))) \cdot (u \circ \sigma_a - u(a))\|_{A^2} \\ &\quad + \|(uC_\varphi g_a) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi g_a)(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim \alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \|g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1 - |\varphi(a)|^2}}} + \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}}, \end{aligned}$$

which implies that

$$\tilde{\beta} = \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \beta(u, \varphi, a) \lesssim \tilde{\alpha} + \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}}. \tag{3.5}$$

By Lemma 3.1, (3.3), (3.4) and (3.5), we have

$$\begin{aligned} \|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} &\gtrsim \tilde{\alpha} + \tilde{\gamma} + \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ &\gtrsim \tilde{\alpha} + \tilde{\gamma} + \tilde{\beta}, \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} \|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} &\gtrsim \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \tilde{\alpha} + \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ &\gtrsim \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \tilde{\beta}. \end{aligned}$$

Next we give the upper estimate for $\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}$. For $n \geq 0$, we define the linear operator on \mathcal{B} by $(K_n f)(z) = f(\frac{n}{n+1}z)$. It is easy to check that K_n is a compact operator on \mathcal{B} . Thus

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \leq \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{\|f\|_{\mathcal{B}} \leq 1} \|uC_\varphi(I - K_n)f\|_{\mathcal{B}},$$

where I is the identity operator. Let $S_n = I - K_n$. Then,

$$\begin{aligned} \|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} &\leq \liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|uC_\varphi S_n\|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ &= \liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{\|f\|_{\mathcal{B}} \leq 1} (|u(0)(S_n f)(\varphi(0))| + \|(uC_\varphi S_n f)\|_{\mathcal{B}}) \\ &= \liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{\|f\|_{\mathcal{B}} \leq 1} \|uC_\varphi S_n f\|_{\mathcal{B}}. \end{aligned} \tag{3.6}$$

Let $f \in \mathcal{B}$ such that $\|f\|_{\mathcal{B}} \leq 1$. Fix $n \geq 0$, $r \in (0, 1)$ and $t \in (\frac{1}{2}, 1)$. Then

$$\begin{aligned} \|uC_\varphi S_n f\|_{\mathcal{B}} &\approx \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|(uC_\varphi S_n f) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi S_n f)(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\leq \sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} \|(uC_\varphi S_n f) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi S_n f)(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\quad + \sup_{|\varphi(a)| > r} \|(uC_\varphi S_n f) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi S_n f)(a)\|_{A^2}. \end{aligned} \tag{3.7}$$

By (iii) and (iv) of Proposition 2.10, we have

$$\begin{aligned} &\sup_{|\varphi(a)| > r} \|(uC_\varphi S_n f) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi S_n f)(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\lesssim \|S_n f\|_{\mathcal{B}} \sup_{|\varphi(a)| > r} \left(\alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \beta(u, \varphi, a) + \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}} \right). \end{aligned} \tag{3.8}$$

In addition,

$$\begin{aligned} &\sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} \|(uC_\varphi S_n f) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi S_n f)(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\leq \sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} (|(S_n f)(\varphi(a))| \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} \\ &\quad + \|u \circ \sigma_a \cdot ((C_\varphi S_n f) \circ \sigma_a - (C_\varphi S_n f)(a))\|_{A^2}) \\ &\leq \|u\|_{\mathcal{B}} \max_{|w| \leq r} |(S_n f)(w)| + I_1^{1/2} + I_2^{1/2}, \end{aligned} \tag{3.9}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} I_1 &= \sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} \int_{\mathbb{D} \setminus E(\varphi, a, t)} |(u \circ \sigma_a)(z) \cdot ((S_n f) \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a(z) - (S_n f)(\varphi(a)))|^2 dA(z), \\ I_2 &= \sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} \int_{E(\varphi, a, t)} |(u \circ \sigma_a)(z) \cdot ((S_n f) \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a(z) - (S_n f)(\varphi(a)))|^2 dA(z). \end{aligned}$$

Let $\varphi_a = \sigma_{\varphi(a)} \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a$. Then by (3.19) in [8, p. 37], we have

$$\begin{aligned} &|(S_n f) \circ \sigma_{\varphi(a)} \circ \varphi_a(z) - (S_n f \circ \varphi)(a)| \\ &\lesssim \sup_{|w| \leq t} |((S_n f) \circ \sigma_{\varphi(a)})(w) - (S_n f)(\varphi(a))| \end{aligned}$$

for $z \in \mathbb{D} \setminus E(\varphi, a, t)$. Since

$$\begin{aligned} \|u \circ \sigma_a \cdot \varphi_a\|_{A^2} &\leq \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} \|\varphi_a\|_\infty + |u(a)| \|\varphi_a\|_2 \\ &\lesssim \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)\|_{A^2} + \alpha(u, \varphi, a_n) \\ &\lesssim \|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}, \end{aligned}$$

we have

$$\begin{aligned} I_1 &\lesssim \sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} \sup_{|w| \leq t} |((S_n f) \circ \sigma_{\varphi(a)})(w) - (S_n f)(\varphi(a))|^2 \|u \circ \sigma_a \cdot \varphi_a\|_{A^2}^2 \\ &\lesssim \|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}^2 \sup_{|z| \leq \frac{t+r}{1+tr}} |(S_n f)(z)|^2. \end{aligned}$$

By Lemma 2.2, we get

$$\begin{aligned} &\|((S_n f) \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - (S_n f)(\varphi(a)))\|_{A^4}^2 \\ &\leq \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|(S_n f) \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - (S_n f)(\varphi(a))\|_{A^4}^2 \\ &\lesssim \sup_{a \in \mathbb{D}} \|f \circ \sigma_a - f(a)\|_{A^2}^2 \leq 1, \end{aligned}$$

which implies that

$$\begin{aligned} I_2 &\leq \sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} \left(\int_{E(\varphi, a, t)} |u(\sigma_a(z))|^4 dA(z) \right)^{1/2} \\ &\quad \times \|((S_n f) \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - (S_n f)(\varphi(a)))\|_{A^4}^2 \\ &\leq \sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} \left(\int_{E(\varphi, a, t)} |u(\sigma_a(z))|^4 dA(z) \right)^{1/2}. \end{aligned}$$

By combining the above estimates, for $r \in (0, 1)$ and $t \in (\frac{1}{2}, 1)$, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} &\|uC_\varphi S_n f\|_\beta \\ &\lesssim \sup_{|\varphi(a)| > r} \left(\alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \beta(u, \varphi, a) + \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}} \right) \\ &\quad + \sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} \left(\int_{E(\varphi, a, t)} |u(\sigma_a(z))|^4 dA(z) \right)^{1/4} \\ &\quad + \sup_{|z| \leq \frac{t+r}{1+tr}} |(S_n f)(z)| \|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}. \end{aligned}$$

Taking the supremum over $\|f\|_{\mathcal{B}} \leq 1$ and letting $n \rightarrow \infty$, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} \|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} &\lesssim \sup_{|\varphi(a)| > r} \left(\alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \beta(u, \varphi, a) + \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}} \right) \\ &\quad + \sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} \left(\int_{E(\varphi, a, t)} |u(\sigma_a(z))|^4 dA(z) \right)^{1/4}, \end{aligned}$$

which implies that

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \lesssim \tilde{\alpha} + \tilde{\beta} + \tilde{\gamma}.$$

By (3.4), (3.5) and Lemma 3.1, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} &\lesssim \tilde{\beta} + \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ &\lesssim \tilde{\alpha} + \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}} \\ &\lesssim \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|u\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{B}}. \end{aligned}$$

By (ii), (iv) of Proposition 2.10, we have

$$\begin{aligned} &\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \\ &\lesssim \sup_{|\varphi(a)| > r} \left(\alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \beta(u, \varphi, a) + \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}} \right) \\ &\quad + \sup_{|\varphi(a)| \leq r} \left(\int_{E(\varphi, a, t)} |u(\sigma_a(z))|^4 dA(z) \right)^{1/4} \\ &\lesssim \sup_{|\varphi(a)| > r} \left(\alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \|(uC_\varphi g_a) \circ \sigma_a - (uC_\varphi g_a)(a)\|_{A^2} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \|(u \circ \sigma_a - u(a)) \cdot (g_a \circ \varphi \circ \sigma_a - g_a(\varphi(a)))\|_{A^2} + \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}} \right) \\ &\quad + \left(\int_{E(\varphi, a, t)} |u(\sigma_a(z))|^4 dA(z) \right)^{1/4} \\ &\lesssim \sup_{|\varphi(a)| > r} \left(\alpha(u, \varphi, a) + \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \|g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{\|uC_\varphi\|_{\mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\log \frac{2}{1-|\varphi(a)|^2}}} \right) + \left(\int_{E(\varphi, a, t)} |u(\sigma_a(z))|^4 dA(z) \right)^{1/4}, \end{aligned}$$

which implies that

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} \lesssim \tilde{\alpha} + \limsup_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|uC_\varphi g_a\|_{\mathcal{B}} + \tilde{\gamma}. \quad \square$$

Acknowledgements

The authors would like to thank the editor and the referees for their helpful comments and suggestions.

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Received: November 19, 2015.

Revised: February 3, 2017.