

A Checklist of Parasites and Commensals Reported for the Chimpanzee (*Pan*)*

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The use of common names for animals in general and nonhuman primates in particular has plagued scientists for decades, and even today we have experienced investigators who ascribe unusual conditions or exotic diseases to an 'ape' or in a 'monkey.' Even the chimpanzee, which seemingly has rather pronounced and recognizable features, has suffered from the unfortunate misuse of generalized terms, and we are still uncertain about information associated with some of the first reports of parasites from this host. It has been surmised that the chimpanzee may have been familiar to the early Egyptians, and an appraisal of McDERMOTT's (1938) work on apes in Greek literature suggests that some of the animals referred to in the early history of Greece may in fact have been chimpanzees. A critical search of biological and related literature reveals that a number of nonhuman primates, including the chimpanzee and the baboon, have fairly colorful and illustrious backgrounds and histories. The reader is referred to the recent historical review by HILL (1969a) which provides ample coverage on the recognition of the chimpanzee in the different eras from several centuries B.C. to the present time. Currently, considerable attention is being given to the many facets in the biology of the chimpanzee (BOURNE, 1970a, b, c, in press), a primate which is somewhat limited in numbers and moderately restricted in geographical distribution.

The preparation of a checklist of the commensals and parasites known for the chimpanzee constitutes another step toward a better understanding of the biological profile of a nonhuman primate which has figured prominently in biological and biomedical research in recent years. It is the third in a series (MYERS & KUNTZ, 1965; KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969a) from this laboratory.

Difficulty in procurement plus the high cost for chimpanzees has discouraged extensive surveillance of these mammals for parasites and, as might be expected with an animal that tends to isolate itself from man, there have been few examinations of chimpanzees in the wild. Many of the reports on the parasites of *Pan* have been incidental to other studies or constitute a part of routine baseline type investigations associated with the use of these animals for varied biological and biomedical research. An examination of sick animals, supported by post mortem reports from zoological gardens, of course have contributed to the parasitological literature on this host. As expected, the chimpanzee does not have as extensive a parasitic fauna as recognized

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for the African baboon, *Papio cynocephalus* (MYERS & KUNTZ, 1965), a primate which occupies a much broader range of habitats throughout the greater part of the African continent.

By contrast, the chimpanzee, represented by *Pan troglodytes verus* (SCHWARZ, 1934); the masked or pale-faced chimpanzee, *Pan t. troglodytes* (BLUMENBACH, 1779); the black-faced chimpanzee or 'Tschiego,' *Pan t. schweinfurthi* (GIGLIOLI, 1872); the eastern or long-haired chimpanzee, and *Pan paniscus* (SCHWARZ, 1929), the pygmy chimpanzee, is found in a moderately restricted band which extends from Sierra Leone in West Africa through French Guinea into Central and limited parts of East Africa (HILL, 1969b). To this group, HILL (1969b) has recently added *Pan t. koolokamba* (DUCHAILLUS, 1850), the Koolokamba or gorilla-like chimpanzee from Gabon. Chimpanzees occur in tropical rain forests, savannahs, hill country, and upland forest to an altitude of 10,000' (NAPIER & NAPIER, 1967).

Regardless of taxonomic schemes involving the species of chimpanzees, it may be assumed that their eating habits, in general, are similar. These primates are primarily vegetarians feeding upon seeds, leaves, bark, and a wide variety of fruits. A study of stomach contents, and especially field observations in the past few years, have indicated, however, that the chimpanzee, not unlike many other vertebrates, prefers variety in its diet. It is now a recognized fact that while there may be accidental ingestion of small arthropods, worms, molluscs, etc., these animals by choice seek out and eat a wide assortment of arthropods as well as birds, bird eggs, small mammals, and probably other vertebrates that come within grasp of a hungry individual. With the chimpanzee as with man and other vertebrates, there are certain aspects of parasitism which are dependent upon and directly associated with eating habits and food preferences. It is quite obvious that the diet of *Pan* is sufficiently inclusive to allow transmission and maintenance of a fairly extensive parasitic fauna in habitats where infections are present.

The chimpanzee, similar to some of the other nonhuman primates, probably avoids open waters but has short periods of contact with some type of water in order to satisfy its basic requirements. However, the fact that these primates have been found naturally infected with schistosomes (HSÜ & HSÜ, 1968a; DE PAOLI, 1965) indicates that on occasion they must wade in schistosome infested waters. Needless to say, *Schistosoma* infection could be acquired by a host drinking water in which infected molluscs and cercariae occur.

The social and peripatetic tendencies of *Pan* vary from one geographic area to another as well as from one group to another in the same area at different times. In contrast to earlier beliefs, it is now realized that the chimpanzee is not an entirely arboreal mammal but spends much of its time on the ground, frequently traveling from one location to another. This obviously brings the chimpanzee into contact with biological situations which enhance parasitism, i.e. contact with soil and vegetation which may be contaminated with eggs and larvae of human or lower vertebrate parasites. Furthermore, movement of individuals or groups increases the chances for arthropod diseases as a result of wandering in and out of varied habitat situations. Socially, the chimpanzee gathers in small to medium size groups, thus increasing the potential for transmission of parasites which may be passed as egg or larval stages,

i.e. food contamination, accidental ingestion, etc. from one individual to another. While certain of these features may be taken for granted, they do play a role in parasite transmission potentials and actual maintenance of parasite cycles in given communities.

Even though the chimpanzee has been on exhibit in Europe for several centuries, i.e. since 1698, and the animal has been observed by numerous biologists, the first record of a parasite from this host dates back only to 1880 when STUDER reported on the occurrence of a large tapeworm from the intestine (later described by BLANCHARD (1891) as *Bertia studeri* (now recognized as *Bertiella studeri*)). LEIDY, in 1891, reported *Ascaris lumbricoides*, *Trichocephalus dispar* (now recognized as *Trichuris trichiura*) and a new filaria, *Filaria primana* from *Simia satyrus* (now recognized as *Pan troglodytes*). The chimpanzee at that time was widely recognized as *Simia satyrus*, but LEIDY referred to dissection of "an Orang, *Simia satyrus*" from which parasites were obtained. Although it is possible that LEIDY was dealing with a chimpanzee, this is a prominent example of how careless host designations tend to burden and confuse parasitological literature associated with the nonhuman primates, a weakness which should be corrected in present day nonhuman primate parasitology (KUNTZ, 1970).

In 1929 STILES and HASSALL compiled an extensive listing of commensals and parasites reported from a wide range of primates, including the chimpanzee. While useful, this checklist is confusing in some respects since the authors, in an attempt to present a complete host-parasite compilation up to that time, used information which could not be checked against original records. As with host-parasite checklists which have been prepared by different authors, it was necessary for them to include a number of listings for hosts of questionable taxonomic status. RUCH (1959) brought together a vast accumulation of information and literature relating to the diseases of laboratory primates. This work has served as a general guide for investigators and veterinarians concerned with the health and parasitological aspects of the biology of nonhuman primates. It includes considerable information on the commensals and parasites known for the chimpanzee. Later, YAMASHITA (1963), concerned with the ecological relationships of parasites and primates, presented a listing of helminths from a number of nonhuman primates. YAMASHITA indicated that *Pan troglodytes* hosted 32 species of nematodes, a single acanthocephalan and 1 cestode. Four nematodes were noted for *Pan paniscus*.

Much of the information on the parasites of chimpanzees has come from scattered or miscellaneous studies based on observations of a few parasites from limited numbers of animals as well as from compilations prepared in support of broad scope treatises on various aspects of the biology of the chimpanzee and other nonhuman primates, e.g. BRAY, 1964; CHITWOOD, 1970; FIENNES, 1967; HEALY (Pers. Commu.); REWELL, 1969, and others. There have been some reports relating specifically to parasites or host-parasite conditions of this host, e.g. nematodes—AUGUSTINE, 1939; BLACKLOCK & ADLER, 1922a; DESPORTES, 1945; ESSBACH, 1949; SCHEIDECKER & KREIS, 1934; TROSIER et al., 1928 a, b; TROSIER & DESCHIENS, 1930, and WEINBERG, 1906 a, b; cestodes—CRAM, 1928; protozoa—BRAY, 1964 and REWELL, 1969, and trematodes—DE PAOLI, 1965 and HSÜ & HSÜ, 1968a. A few others have dealt with small to medium size groups of chimpanzees after varying periods in captivity, e.g.

JESSEE et al., 1970; KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b; REARDON & RININGER, 1968, and VAN RIPER et al., 1966.

The format for presentation of commensals and parasites of the chimpanzee has been somewhat modified from that employed for checklists for the baboon (MYERS & KUNTZ, 1965) and the Taiwan macaque (KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969a). It is hoped that this simplification will result in more efficient use of information available. Each category of parasites is preceded by an alphabetical listing which allows for immediate location of a species, if recorded previously from the chimpanzee. This is followed by a synoptic arrangement or classification of parasites and commensals. Since there is no one taxonomic system which satisfies all disciplines or taxonomists in the broad field of parasitology, it seems prudent to follow a scheme in a work that is easily available. We have followed, *in general*, the taxonomic scheme found in the latest edition of CRAIG and FAUST's "Clinical Parasitology" (FAUST et al., 1970). When necessary, families or other categories not given in FAUST et al. (1970) have been introduced to accommodate parasites listed for the chimpanzee but which normally would not occur in a synoptic listing of parasites for man. References to each species of commensals and parasites are indicated by an alphabetical listing of authors and the dates of their work.

Protozoa: Protozoology, R. R. KUDO, 1966; Malaria Parasites and Other Hemospordidia, P. C. C. GARNHAM 1966, and Protozoology (Vols. I and II), C. M. WENYON, 1965.

Acanthocephala: Systema Helminthum (Vol. V), Acanthocephala, S. YAMAGUTI, 1963.

Cestoidea: Systema Helminthum (Vol. II), The Cestodes of Vertebrates, S. YAMAGUTI, 1959.

Nematoda: Systema Helminthum (Vol. III), The Nematodes of Vertebrates (Parts 1 and 2), S. YAMAGUTI, 1961.

Trematoda: Systema Helminthum (Vol. I) The Digenetic Trematodes of Vertebrates (Parts 1 and 2), S. YAMAGUTI, 1959.

Most of the references to parasites of chimpanzees are based upon materials and records relating to *Pan troglodytes* and its subspecies. It is only natural that there are limited references for the pygmy chimpanzee, *Pan paniscus*, since it was not recognized until 1929. Parasites for this host are listed separately.

In the interest of presenting a fairly complete and useful checklist, it is necessary to make reference to other review type papers or monographs in which an author has studied parasites from a few or even many nonhuman primates. As an example, we have cited TRAVASSOS and VOGELSANG (1932) as being a record for *Oesophagostomum* in the chimpanzee. This obviously is not an original observation but represents a comparative study or an accumulation of data and information in which it was necessary or appropriate to list *Oesophagostomum*.

We have made no attempt to pass judgment on synonymies or the names of hosts and parasites of questionable status, although an indication of the gravity of this situation in the literature is recognized in the examples above where reference is made to "an Orang, *Simia satyrus*" (an obvious mistake) and to *Trichocephalus dispar* (the old discarded name for *Trichuris trichiura*). There is a general tendency for compilers

to copy and repeat host-parasite records without checking or verifying source or authority for the work. We have attempted to verify included listings. In some cases in which information is uncertain or appears to be erroneous, we have so indicated with a question mark (?). It is difficult to compile a complete listing of the parasites of any animal since there are records concealed by incomplete or misleading publication titles, records may occur in poorly recognized journals with limited circulation, or in languages which elude the searcher. It is believed, however, that the present host-parasite list includes the majority of references likely to be needed or employed by students of parasitology, the veterinarian, or biomedical researchers.

As already indicated, compilation of host-parasite records depends upon a rather exhausting search of the literature on subjects pertaining to parasitology as well as to many which make only indirect reference to the parasites of the chimpanzee. The Index-Catalogue of Medical and Veterinary Zoology, distributed by the Beltsville (Md.) Parasitological Laboratory, has served as an essential and basic support to the present authors in a study of the parasites of nonhuman primates. It should be realized that the Index-Catalogue and the National Parasite Collection serve as a source of pertinent information on all aspects of parasitology. This publication, and the laboratory from which it originated, have been serving parasitologists of the world since 1892, when initiated by Dr. ALBERT HASSALL. Many parasitologists, however, do not fully appreciate the usefulness of these facilities and publications.

Attention should be called to the different publications which have emanated from the Beltsville Parasitological Laboratory. Bibliographic information is provided in the form of author and subject listings, the latter grouped by categories of parasites (cestodes, nematodes, trematodes, etc.) hosts, diseases, etc. Through the years supplements have been prepared to keep active parasitologists informed. The usefulness of the Index-Catalogue and the National Parasitological Laboratory as tools to students (academic and research oriented) in the field of parasitology may be appreciated by those who examine an historical account and explanation of services by the late WILLARD W. BECKLUND (1969a,b). The Index-Catalogue provides the parasitologist, regardless of specific interests, a source of information which has been made available by those dedicated to its preparation. Its use is highly recommended.

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PROTOZOA

a. Intestinal and Somatic Parasitic Protozoa and Commensals

- Balantidium coli* (MALMSTEN, 1857) STEIN, 1863
Balantidium minutum SCHAUDINN, 1899
Balantidium sp.
Chilomastix mesnili (WENYON, 1910) ALEXEIEFF, 1912
Dientamoeba fragilis JEPPS & DOBELL, 1918
Endolimax kueneni BRUG 1920
Endolimax nana (WENYON & O'CONNOR, 1917) BRUG, 1918
Endolimax sp.
Entamoeba chattoni SWELLENGREBEL, 1914
Entamoeba coli (GRASSI, 1879) CASAGRANDI & BARBAGALLO, 1895
Entamoeba gingivalis (GROS, 1849) BRUMPT, 1913
Entamoeba hartmanni VON PROWAZEK, 1912
Entamoeba histolytica SCHAUDINN, 1903
Entamoeba nutalli CASTELLANI, 1908
Entamoeba pitheci VON PROWAZEK, 1912
Entamoeba polecki VON PROWAZEK, 1912
Entamoeba sp.
Enteromonas hominis da FONESCA, 1915
Giardia lamblia STILES, 1915
Giardia sp.
Hexamita sp.
Ioamoeba bütschlii (VON PROWAZEK, 1912) DOBELL, 1919
Iodamoeba williamsi VON PROWAZEK, 1911
Iodamoeba sp.
Isospora sp.
Retortomanas intestinalis (WENYON & O'CONNOR, 1917) WENRICH, 1932
Retortomanas sp.
Toxoplasma sp.
Trichomonas anthropopitheci DESCHIENS, 1927
Trichomonas hominis (DAVAINE, 1860) LEUCKART, 1879
Trichomonas tenax (O. F. MÜLLER, 1773) DOBELL, 1939
Trichomonas sp.
Troglodytella abrassarti BRUMPT & JOYEUX, 1912
Troglodytella abrassarti acuminata REICHENOW, 1917
Troglodytella sp.

b. Blood Parasites

- Plasmodium (Laverania) falciparum* (WELCH, 1897)
Plasmodium (Laverania) reichenowi SLUITER, SWELLENGREBEL, & IHLE, 1922
Plasmodium kochi (LAVERAN, 1899)
Plasmodium (Plasmodium) malariae (GRASSI & FELETTI, 1892)
Plasmodium (Plasmodium) ovale STEPHENS, 1922
Plasmodium (Plasmodium) schwetzi BRUMPT, 1939
Plasmodium (Plasmodium) vivax (GRASSI & FELETTI, 1890)
Plasmodium rodhaini BRUMPT, 1939

Theileria sp.

Trypanosoma brucei PLIMMER & BRADFORD, 1899

Trypanosoma gambiense DUTTON, 1902

?*Trypanosoma lewisi* var. *primatum* REICHENOW, 1917

Trypanosoma rhodesiense STEPHENS & FANTHAM, 1910

Trypanosoma sp.

INTESTINAL PROTOZOA

Class: Zoomastigophorea

Family: Bodonidae

Retortamonas GRASSI, 1879

Retortamonas intestinalis (WENYON & O'CONNOR, 1917) WENRICH, 1932

BRAY, 1964

LEVINE, 1970*¹⁾

REWELL, 1969*

Retortamonas sp.

HEGNER, 1934a

REWELL, 1969*

Family: Tetramitidae

Enteromonas da FONSECA, 1915

Enteromonas hominis da FONSECA, 1915

BRAY, 1964

LEVINE, 1970*

REWELL, 1969*

Family: Hexamitidae

Giardia KUNSTLER, 1882

Giardia lamblia STILES, 1915

KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b

LEVINE, 1970*

RIJPSTRA, 1967

Giardia sp.

HEGNER, 1933, 1934a

PORTER, 1953

REWELL, 1969*

Hexamita DUJARDIN, 1841

Hexamita sp.

HEGNER, 1934a

Family: Chilomastigidae

Chilomastix ALEXEIEFF, 1910

Chilomastix mesnili (WENYON, 1910) ALEXEIEFF, 1912

BRAY, 1964

DESCHIENS, 1926, 1927

HEGNER & CHU, 1930

KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b

LEVINE, 1970*

MACKINNON & DIBB, 1938

REWELL, 1969*

RIJPSTRA, 1967

1) An asterisk (*) is used to indicate that this author has cited an earlier study in which the parasite may have been described, discussed, or merely mentioned. It is not the original reference to the parasite.

- Chilomastix* sp.
 REARDON & RININGER, 1968
- Family: Trichomonadidae
Trichomonas DONNÉ, 1837
Trichomonas anthropopithecii DESCHIENS, 1927
 DESCHIENS, 1927
Trichomonas hominis (DAVAINE, 1860) LEUCKART, 1879
 BRAY, 1964
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
 REWELL, 1969*
Trichomonas tenax (O. F. MÜLLER, 1773) DOBELL, 1939
 BRAY, 1964
 REWELL, 1969*
Trichomonas sp.
 HEGNER, 1934a
 PORTER, 1953
 REARDON & RININGER, 1968
 REWELL, 1969*
 RIJPSTRA, 1967
- Class: Rhizopoda
 Order: Amoebida
 Family: Endamoebidae
Dientamoeba JEPPS & DOBELL, 1918
Dientamoeba fragilis JEPPS & DOBELL, 1918
 REWELL, 1969*
Endolimax KUENEN & SWELLENGREBEL, 1917
Endolimax kueneni BRUG, 1920
 STABLER, 1945
Endolimax nana (WENYON & O'CONNOR, 1917) BRUG, 1918
 BRAY, 1964
 MACKINNON & DIBB, 1938
 REWELL, 1969*
 RIJPSTRA, 1967
Endolimax sp.
 DESCHIENS, 1927
 HEGNER, 1934a
 HEGNER & CHU, 1930*
 REWELL, 1969*
Entamoeba CASAGRANDI & BARBAGALLO, 1895
Entamoeba chattoni SWELLENGREBEL, 1914
 HUMMER et al., 1969a*
Entamoeba coli (GRASSI, 1879) CASAGRANDE & BARBAGALLO, 1895
 BRAY, 1964
 DESCHIENS, 1927
 HEGNER, 1934a
 HUMMER et al., 1969a*
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
 MACKINNON & DIBB, 1938
 PORTER, 1953
 REARDON & RININGER, 1968
 REWELL, 1969*
Entamoeba gingivalis (GROS, 1849) BRUMPT, 1913
 BRAY, 1964
 REWELL, 1969*

- Entambeba hartmanni* VON PROWAZEK, 1912
 RIJPSTRA, 1967
- Entamoeba histolytica* SCHAUDINN, 1903
 BENSON et al., 1954
 BRAY, 1964
 DESCHIENS, 1927
 FREMMING et al., 1955
 HEGNER, 1934a
 HEGNER & SCHUMAKER, 1928
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
 MACKINNON & DIBB, 1938
 MILLER & BRAY, 1966
 McGAUGHEY et al., 1953
 PORTER, 1953
 REARDON and RININGER, 1968
 REWELL, 1969*
 RIJPSTRA, 1967
 SULDEY, 1924
- Entamoeba nutalli* CASTELLANI, 1908
 MELLO, 1923
- Entamoeba pitheci* VON PROWAZEK, 1912
 MELLO, 1923
- Entamoeba polecki* VON PROWAZEK, 1912
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
- Entamoeba* sp.
 DESCHIENS, 1927
 HUMMER et al., 1969a*
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
 REARDON & RININGER, 1968
- Iodamoeba* DOBELL, 1919
Iodamoeba bütschlii (VON PROWAZEK, 1912) DOBELL, 1919
 BRAY, 1964
 REWELL, 1969*
- Iodamoeba williamsi* VON PROWAZEK, 1911
 RIJPSTRA, 1967
- Iodamoeba* sp.
 HEGNER, 1933, 1934a
 HEGNER & SCHUMAKER, 1928
 REWELL, 1969*
- Class: Telosporea
 Order: Eimeriidea
 Family: Eimeriidae
Isospora AIMÉ SCHNEIDER, 1881
Isospora sp.
 RIJPSTRA, 1967
- Class: Ciliatea
Balanidium CLAPARÈDE & LACHMANN, 1858
Balanidium coli (MALMSTEN, 1857) STEIN, 1862
 BLAIR, 1912
 BRAY, 1964
 CHRISTELLER, 1922
 HEGNER, 1934b
 KIRBY, 1928
 KNAUFF, 1935*

- KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
 MOORMAN, 1941
 REWELL, 1969*
 RIJUPSTRA, 1967
 SADUN et al., 1970a
 SHARMA & BOURNE, 1963, 1964a, b
 ZIEMAN, 1925
Balantidium minutum SCHAUDINN, 1899
 REWELL, 1969*
Balantidium sp.
 ATCHLEY, 1934
 BENSON et al., 1954
 HEGNER, 1933, 1934b
 LEFROU & MICHAUD, 1957
 NELSON, 1932a, b, 1934, 1935
 PORTER, 1953
 REWELL, 1969*
 THOMSON, 1929
 Order: Oligotrichida
Troglodytella BRUMPT and JOYEUX, 1912
Troglodytella abrassarti BRUMPT & JOYEUX, 1912
 BRAY, 1964
 BRUMPT & JOYEUX, 1912
 CURASSON, 1929
 HEGNER, 1934a
 HUMMER et al., 1969a*
 KIRBY, 1928
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
 NELSON, 1932a, b, 1934
 REICHENOW, 1917, 1920b
 REWELL, 1969*
 SWEZEY, 1932, 1934, 1935
Troglodytella abrassarti acuminata REICHENOW, 1917
 HEGNER, 1934a
 RIJUPSTRA, 1967
Troglodytella sp.
 HEGNER, 1934a
 LEFROU & MICHAUD, 1957
 NELSON, 1932a, b
 REWELL, 1969*

BLOOD PROTOZOA

- Class: Zoomastigophorea
 Family: Trypanosomatidae
Trypanosoma GRUBY, 1843
Trypanosoma brucei PLIMMER & BRADFORD, 1899
 BAKER, 1962, 1968, 1970 (Experimental)
 DUKE, 1924a, b
 GODFREY & KILICK-KENDRICK, 1967
Trypanosoma gambiense DUTTON, 1902
 GODFREY & KILICK-KENDRICK, 1967
 LUCASSE, 1964
 THOMAS & LINTON, 1904

Trypanosoma lewisi var. *primatum* REICHENOW, 1917

BRAY, 1964

REICHENOW, 1917

Trypanosoma rhodesiense STEPHENS & FANTHAM, 1910

BAKER, 1962, 1968, 1970 (Experimental)

GODFREY & KILICK-KENDRICK, 1967

Trypanosoma sp.

DUKE, 1924a, b (Experimental)

HEGNER, 1928*

ZIEMANN, 1902

Class: Telosporea

Family: Plasmodiidae

Plasmodium MARCHIAFAVA & CELLI, 1885

Plasmodium (Laverania) falciparum (WELCH, 1897)

BRAY, 1960a (Experimental)

BRAY et al., 1959a, (Experimental)

BRUCE-CHWATT et al., 1970 (Experimental)

CORRADETTI, 1963 (Experimental)

FOGEL et al., 1966 (Experimental)

HICKMAN, 1969 (Experimental)

HICKMAN et al., 1966 (Experimental)

RODHAIN & JARDIN, 1964 (Experimental)

RODHAIN & MUYLLE, 1939b (Experimental)

RUDZINSKA, 1965 (Experimental)

SADUN & GORE, 1968 (Experimental)

SADUN et al., 1966 (Experimental)

Plasmodium falciparum forms

ADLER, 1923

BLACKLOCK & ADLER, 1922b

LEFROU & MARTIGNOLES, 1954

REICHENOW, 1920b

Plasmodium kochi (LAVERAN, 1899)

LUEHE, 1900

MESNIL & ROUBAUD, 1917 (Experimental)

Plasmodium (Laverania) reichenowi SLUITER, SWELLENGREBEL & IHLE, 1920

BLACKLOCK & ADLER, 1922b, 1924*

BRAY, 1957a, b, 1958a, 1959a, b, 1963a*, 1964*, 1969*

BRAY & GUNDERS, 1962, 1963b (Experimental)

CONTACOS & COATNEY, 1963

GARNHAM, 1966*

GARNHAM et al., 1956

HELD, 1969

PEEL & RODHAIN, 1946b

REICHENOW, 1920a

RODHAIN, 1939a, b

RODHAIN & LASSMAN, 1944

SCHWETZ, 1934

SLUITER et al., 1922

Plasmodium (Plasmodium) malariae (GRASSI & FELETTI, 1892)

BRAY, 1959b, 1960b (Experimental), 1963a, b,* 1964*, 1969*

BRAY et al., 1963a (Experimental)

BRUCE-CHWATT, 1965*, 1968*

DESCHIENS & BENEX, 1966 (Experimental)

GARNHAM, 1966* (Experimental)

- HICKMAN, 1969 (Experimental)
 LUPASCU et al., 1967
 REICHENOW, 1920a, b
 RODHAIN, 1940, 1948 (Experimental)
 RODHAIN & DELLAERT, 1943
Plasmodium (Plasmodium) ovale STEPHENS, 1922
 BRAY, 1957c, 1959b, 1967, 1969* (Experimental)
 BRAY et al., 1963a (Experimental)
 GARNHAM, 1966*
 RUDZINSKA, 1965 (Experimental)
Plasmodium (Plasmodium) schwetzi BRUMPT, 1939
 BLACKLOCK & ADLER, 1922b, 1924
 BRAY 1958b, c, 1959b, 1963a, 1964*, 1965, 1969*
 BRUMPT, 1939*
 CONTACOS & COATNEY, 1963
 CONTACOS et al., 1970
 COLLINS et al., 1969
 GARNHAM, 1966*
 HELD, 1969
 REICHENOW, 1920a
 RODHAIN, 1939a, b, 1955a, 1956a, b
 RODHAIN & DELLAERT, 1955a, b (arthropod vector) (Experimental)
 RODHAIN & LASSMAN, 1940a, b (arthropod vector), 1944 (Experimental)
 RODHAIN & MUYLLE, 1939a
 RUDZINSKA, 1965 (Experimental)
 SCHWETZ, 1934
Plasmodium (Plasmodium) vivax (GRASSI & FELETTI, 1890)
 BRAY, 1957d, 1958c, 1965
 BRUCE-CHWATT et al., 1970
 GARNHAM et al., 1955
 MESNIL & ROUBAUD, 1917, 1920 (Experimental)
 RODHAIN 1939a, 1956b (Experimental)
Plasmodium rodhaini BRUMPT, 1939
 GEIMAN, 1964*
 RODHAIN, 1940
 Family: Babesiidae
Theileria BETTENCOURT, FRANÇA, & BORGES
 BRAY & GARNHAM, 1961 (Experimental - Splenectomized)
 GARNHAM & BRAY, 1959 (Experimental - Splenectomized)

SOMATIC PROTOZOA

- Class: Toxoplasmea BIOCCHI, 1957
Toxoplasma NICOLLE & MANCEAUX, 1909
 VON HIGENFELD, 1965
 JACOBS, 1956
 KOPCIOWSKA & NICOLAU, 1938

HELMINTHS

Acanthocephala

- Moniliformis moniliformis* (BREMSE in RUD., 1819) TRAVASSOS, 1915
Moniliformis sp.

Prosthenorchis spirula (OLFERS in RUD., 1819) TRAVASSOS, 1915

Cestoda

Bertiella mucronata (MEYNER, 1895) STILES & HASSALL, 1902*Bertiella studeri* (BLANCHARD, 1891) STILES & HASSALL, 1902*Bertiella* sp.*Taenia* - *Cysticercus*

Nematoda

Ancylostoma duodenale (DUBINI, 1843) CREPLIN, 1845*Ancylostoma* sp.*Ascaris lumbricoides* LINNAEUS, 1758*Ascaris* sp.*Buckleyenterobius* sp.*Capillaria hepatica* (BANCROFT, 1893) TRAVASSOS, 1915*Capillaria* sp.*Chitwoodspirura serrata* (VON LINSTOW, 1907) CHABAUD, 1958*Chitwoodspirura* sp.*Dipetalonema perstans* (MANSON, 1892)*Dipetalonema rodhaini* PEEL & CHARDOME, 1947*Dipetalonema streptocerca* (MACFIE & CORSON, 1927) PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946 (pro parte)*Dipetalonema vanhoofi* PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946*Dipetalonema* sp.*Dirofilaria immitis* (LEIDY, 1856)*Dirofilaria* sp.*Enterobius anthropopitheci* (GEDOELST, 1916)*Enterobius bipapillatus* (GEDOELST, 1916)*Enterobius foecundus* (VON LINSTOW, 1879)*Enterobius vermicularis* (LINNAEUS, 1758)*Enterobius vermicularis microbulbus**Enterobius* sp.*Filaria perstans* MANSON, 1891*Filaria primana* LEIDY, 1891*Filaria transversata* VON LINSTOW, 1907*Filaria* sp.

Hookworm

Hyostrongylus sp.*Libyostrongylus* sp.*Loa loa* (GUYOT, 1778) STILES, 1905*Microfilaria binucleata* PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946*Microfilaria perstans* PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946*Microfilaria rodhaini* PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946*Microfilaria streptocerca* MACFIE & CORSON, 1922*Necator africanus* LOOSS, 1911*Necator americanus* (STILES, 1902) STILES, 1903*Necator congolensis* GEDOELST, 1916*Necator exilidens* LOOSS, 1912*Necator* sp.*Nematodirus weinbergi* RAILLIET & HENRY, 1909*Nematodirus* sp.*Oesophagostomum apistomum* (WILLACH, 1891) RAILLIET & HENRY, 1905*Oesophagostomum bifurcum* (CREPLIN, 1849) RAILLIET & HENRY, 1912*Oesophagostomum blanchardi* RAILLIET & HENRY, 1912*Oesophagostomum brumpti* RAILLIET & HENRY, 1905

- Oesophagostomum dentigerum* RAILLIET & HENRY, 1906
Oesophagostomum polydентatum (SCHEIDECKER & KREIS, 1934)
Oesophagostomum stephanostomum STOSSICH, 1904
Oesophagostomum sp.
Onchocerca volvulus (LEUCKART, 1893) RAILLIET & HENRY, 1910
Oxyuris sp.
Parascaris lumbricoides
Paraloa anthropopithecī RODHAIN & VAN DEN BERGHE, 1939
Paroesophagostomum polydентatum SCHEIDECKER & KREIS, 1934
Physaloptera (-Abbreviata) sp.
Pithecostrongylus alatus (RAILLIET & HENRY, 1909) LIUBIMOV, 1930
Pithecostrongylus satyri LIUBIMOV, 1930
Probstmayria vesiculata
Probstmayria sp.
Setaria transversata (VON LINSTOW, 1907) RAILLIET & HENRY, 1911
Streptopharagus sp.
Strongyloides filleborni VON LINSTOW, 1905
Strongyloides intestinalis (BAVAY, 1877)
Strongyloides stercoralis (BAVAY, 1876) STILES & HASSALL, 1902
Strongyloides sp.
Strongylus simiae
Ternidens diminutus (RAILLIET & HENRY, 1905) RAILLIET & HENRY, 1909
Ternidens sp.
Thelastoma sp.
Trichuris trichiura (LINNAEUS, 1771) STILES, 1901
Trichuris sp.
Trypanoxyuris sp.
- Trematoda
- Concinnum brumpti* (RAILLIET, HENRY, & JOYEUX, 1912)
Concinnum sp.
Dicrocoelium lanceatum STILES & HASSALL, 1898
Dicrocoelium sp.
Schistosoma haematobium (BILHARZ, 1852) WEINLAND, 1858
Schistosoma japonicum KATSURADA, 1904
Schistosoma mansoni SAMBON, 1907

ACANTHOCEPHALA

- Order: Giganthorhynchidea
 Family: Oligancanthorhynchidae
Prosthenorchis TRAVASSOS, 1915
Prosthenorchis spirula (OLFERS in RUD., 1819) TRAVASSOS, 1915
 CHANDLER, 1953
 TAKOS & THOMAS, 1958
 VAN THEIL & BRUSS, 1945
 Family: Moniliformidae
Moniliformis TRAVASSOS, 1915
Moniliformis moniliformis (BREMSE in RUD., 1819) TRAVASSOS, 1915
 BAYLIS, 1929
Moniliformis sp.
 DUNN, 1966*

CESTODA

Class: Cestoidea

Subclass: Cestoda

Order: Cyclophyllidea

Family: Anoplocephalidae

Anoplocephala BLANCHARD, 1848

DUNN, 1966*

Bertiella STILES & HASSALL, 1902*Bertiella mucronata* (MEYNER, 1895) STILES & HASSALL, 1902

CRAM, 1928

PÉREZ VIGEUERAS, 1935*

Bertiella studeri (BLANCHARD, 1891) STILES & HASSALL, 1902

BLANCHARD, 1891, 1913

CHANDLER, 1925*

DE ALLESSANDRO et al., 1963*

MEGGITT, 1927*

MYERS, 1972

STUNKARD, 1940*

STUNKARD et al., 1964

YAMASHITA, 1963*

Bertiella sp.

HUMMER et al., 1969*

KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969* (fecal)

PORTER, 1953

RIJPSTRA, 1967 (fecal)

SCHMID, 1937 (fecal)

Family: Taeniidae

Taenia LINNAEUS, 1758 Cysticercus

KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969

MYERS, 1972*

NEMATODA

Class: Aphasmidia

Family: Trichinellidae

Capillaria ZEDER, 1800*Capillaria hepatica* (BANCROFT, 1893) TRAVASSOS, 1915

SADUN et al., 1970b

YAMASHITA, 1963*

Capillaria sp.

DUNN, 1966*

TROISIER et al., 1928a, b

YAMASHITA, 1963*

Trichuris ROEDERER, 1761*Trichuris trichiura* (LINNAEUS, 1771) STILES, 1901

LANG, 1962

SWIERSTRA et al., 1959 (fecal)

Trichuris sp.

BENSON et al., 1954

DUNN, 1966*

HAMERTON, 1933 (fecal)

JESSEE et al., 1970 (fecal)

KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b (fecal)

- MORTELmans & VERCruySSE, 1963 (fecal)
 PILLERS, 1924
 PORTER, 1946, 1953 (fecal)
 REARDON & RININGER, 1968 (fecal)
 VAN RIPER et al., 1966 (fecal)
 SANDGROUND, 1930
 WEINBERG, 1907
- Class: Phasmidia
 Order: Rhabditida
 Family: Strongyloididae
Strongyloides GRASSI, 1879
Strongyloides fülleborni VON LINSTOW, 1905
 CHANDLER, 1925b*
 DESPORTES, 1945*
 VAN DURME, 1902
 FAUST, 1933*
 FAUST & KAGY, 1933*
 VON LINSTOW, 1905
 LITTLE, 1966
 SULDEY, 1924
 SWEZEE & ATCHLEY, 1934
 WEINBERG & ROMANOVITCH, 1908
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
Strongyloides intestinalis (BAVAY, 1876)
 STRONG & SHATTUCK, 1930
Strongyloides stercoralis (BAVAY, 1876) STILES & HASSALL, 1902
 DESPORTES, 1945*
 HAMAYA & NIGI, 1963
 LANG, 1962
 URBAIN & NOUVEL, 1944
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
Strongyloides sp.
 AUGUSTINE, 1940
 BENSON et al., 1954
 BLACKLOCK & ADLER, 1922a
 DUNN, 1966*
 ECKERT, 1963 (fecal)
 ESSBACH, 1949
 GOODEY, 1926
 JESSEE et al., 1970 (fecal)
 LEFROU & MICHAUD, 1957
 LIEBGOTT, 1962
 MORTELmans & VERCruySSE, 1963 (fecal)
 NOUVEL et al., 1968
 REARDON & RININGER, 1968 (fecal)
 RIJPSTRA, 1967 (fecal)
 VAN RIPER et al., 1966 (fecal)
 SADUN et al., 1970a
 SCHMID, 1937
 WEINBERG & ROMANOVITCH, 1908 (fecal)
- Family: Strongylidae
Oesophagostomum MOLIN, 1861
Oesophagostomum apiostomum (WILLACH, 1891) RAILLIET & HENRY, 1905
 LEIPER, 1934, 1938

- Oesophagostomum bifurcum* (CREPLIN, 1849) RAILLIET & HENRY, 1912
 JOYEUX et al., 1928
 SWIERSTRA et al., 1959 (fecal)
 TRAVASSOS & VOGELSANG, 1931, 1932
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
 ZWART, 1959
- Oesophagostomum blanchardi* RAILLIET & HENRY, 1912
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Oesophagostomum brumpti* RAILLIET & HENRY, 1905
 HENRY & JOYEUX, 1920
 JOYEUX et al., 1928
 SCHMID, 1937
 TRAVASSOS & VOGELSANG, 1932
- Oesophagostomum dentigerum* RAILLIET & HENRY, 1906
 RAILLIET & HENRY, 1906
 TRAVASSOS & VOGELSANG, 1932
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Oesophagostomum polydentatum* (SCHEIDECKER & KREIS, 1934)
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Oesophagostomum stephanostomum* STOSSICH, 1904
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
 RAILLIET & HENRY, 1906
 ROUSSELOT & PELLISSIER, 1952
 SCHMID, 1937
 STRONG & SHATTUCK, 1930*
 SWIERSTRA et al., 1959 (fecal)
 TRAVASSOS & VOGELSANG, 1932
 VUYLESTKE, 1956
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
 ZWART, 1959
- Oesophagostomum* sp.
 BENSON et al., 1954
 DUNN, 1966*
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b (fecal)
 MORTELMANS & VERCROYSE, 1963 (fecal)
 PORTER, 1946, 1953 (fecal)
 REARDON & RINGER, 1970 (fecal)
 VON RIPER et al., 1966 (fecal)
 WEINBERG, 1906a, b, 1907, 1909
- Paroesophagostomum* SCHEIDECKER & KREIS, 1934
Paroesophagostomum polydentatum SCHEIDECKER & KREIS, 1934
 SCHEIDECKER & KREIS, 1934
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Strongylus* MUELLER, 1780
Strongylus simiae
 DUNN, 1966*
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Ternidens* RAILLIET & HENRY, 1909
Ternidens deminutus (RAILLIET & HENRY, 1905) RAILLIET & HENRY, 1909
 SCHMID, 1937
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Ternidens* sp.
 AMBERSION & SCHWARZ, 1952
 DUNN, 1966*

- SCHMID, 1937
- Family: Ancylostomatidae
- Ancylostoma* (DUBINI, 1843) CREPLIN, 1845
- Ancylostoma duodenale* (DUBINI, 1843) CREPLIN, 1845
- YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Ancylostoma* sp.
- BENSON et al., 1954
- DUNN, 1966*
- MILLER, 1968 (Experimental)
- MORTELmans & VERCruySSE, 1963a
- THIENPONT et al., 1967
- Hookworm
- Anonymous, 1903
- ECKERT, 1963 (fecal)
- FREMMING et al., 1955 (fecal)
- HAMERTON, 1933 (fecal)
- KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b (fecal)
- RIJPSTRA, 1967 (fecal)
- Necator* STILES, 1903
- Necator africanus* LOOSS, 1911
- LOOSS, 1911
- YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Necator americanus* (STILES, 1902) STILES, 1903
- HAMERTON, 1933
- HUMMER et al., 1969a, b
- KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
- VON LINSTOW, 1903
- ORIHÉL, 1970
- RIOPELLE & DAUMY, 1962
- STAM, 1960
- STRONG & SHATTUCK, 1930*
- Necator congolensis* GEDOELST, 1916
- HAMERTON, 1933
- STAM, 1960
- YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Necator exilidens* LOOSS, 1912
- HAMERTON, 1933
- Necator* sp.
- DUNN, 1966*
- PORTER, 1946, 1953 (fecal)
- SCHMID, 1937
- Family: Trichostrongylidae
- Hyostrongylus* HALL, 1921
- Hyostrongylus* sp.
- MILL, 1930
- Libyostrongylus* LANE, 1923
- Libyostrongylus* sp.
- DUNN, 1966*
- Nematodirus* RANSOM, 1907
- Nematodirus weinbergi* RAILLIET & HENRY, 1909
- PORTER, 1953*
- RAILLIET & HENRY, 1909, 1912*
- TRAVASSOS, 1937*
- YAMASHITA, 1963*

- Nematodirus* sp.
 DUNN, 1966*
 PORTER, 1953 (fecal)
- Pithecostrongylus* LIUBIMOV, 1930
Pithecostrongylus alatus (RAILLIET & HENRY, 1909) LIUBIMOV, 1930
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
Pithecostrongylus satyri LIUBIMOV, 1930
 LIUBIMOV, 1931
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Trichostrongylus* Looss, 1905
Trichostrongylus colubriformis (GILES, 1892) Looss, 1905
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
Trichostrongylus sp.
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b (fecal)
 RIJPSTRA, 1967 (fecal)
- Family: Oxyuridae
Buckleyenterobius SANDOSHAM, 1950
Buckleyenterobius sp.
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
Enterobius LEACH *in* BAIRD, 1853
Enterobius anthropopithei (GEDOELST, 1916)
 CAMERON, 1929*
 GEDOELST, 1916
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
 REARDON & RININGER, 1968
 REINISCH, 1940
 SANDOSHAM, 1950
 TROISIER & DESCHIENS, 1930
Enterobius bipapillatus (GEDOELST, 1916)
 GEDOELST, 1916
 SCHEIDECKER & KREIS, 1934
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
Enterobius foecundus (VON LINSTOW, 1879)
 VON LINSTOW, 1879
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
Enterobius vermicularis (LINNAEUS, 1758)
 CHRISTENSEN, 1964
 REWELL, 1948
 SANDOSHAM, 1950
 SWIERSTRA et al., 1959 (fecal)
 TEUSCHER & STÜNZI, 1956 (fecal)
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
Enterobius vermicularis microbulbus
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
 YAMASHITA & KONNO, 1957
Enterobius sp.
 DUMAS, 1953*
 DUNN, 1966*
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b (fecal)
 MOORMAN, 1941
 PORTER, 1946, 1953 (fecal)
 REARDON & RININGER, 1968 (fecal)
 RIJPSTRA, 1967 (fecal)
- Oxyuris*

- Oxyuris* sp.
 PILLERS, 1924
 SADUN et al., 1970b
- Probstmayria* RANSOM, 1907
Probstmayria vesiculata
 VUYLSTKE, 1956
- Probstmayria* sp.
 DUNN, 1966
- Thelastoma* LEIDY, 1849
Thelastoma sp.
 REINISCH, 1940
- Trypanoxyuris* VEVERS, 1923
Trypanoxyuris sp.
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
- Family: Ascarididae
- Ascaris* LINNAEUS, 1758
Ascaris lumbricoides LINNAEUS, 1758
 AUGUSTINE, 1939
 HAMAYA & NIGI, 1963
 ORIHEL, 1970
 PILLERS, 1924
 RAILLIET & HENRY, 1906
 REARDON & RININGER, 1968
 RIOPELLE & DAUMY, 1962
 SHIPLEY, 1905
 STAM, 1960
 THORNTON, 1924
- Ascaris* sp.
 BENSON et al., 1954
 DUNN, 1966*
 HAMERTON, 1933 (fecal)
 HUMMER et al., 1969a*
 KUNTZ & MYERS, 1969b
 MORTELMANS & VERCROYSSE, 1963 (fecal)
 REICHENOW, 1917
 RIJPSTRA, 1967 (fecal)
- Parascaris* YORKE & MAPLESTONE, 1926
?Parascaris lumbricoides
 PRUSKI & KORDA, 1958
 YAMASHITA, 1968
- Order: Spirurida
- Family: Spiruridae
- Chitwoodspirura* CHABAUD & ROUSSELLOT, 1956
Chitwoodspirura serrata (VON LINSTOW, 1907) CHABAUD, 1958
 VON LINSTOW, 1907
 YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Chitwoodspirura* sp.
 DUNN, 1966*
- Streptopharagus* BLANC, 1912
Streptopharagus sp.
 CHITWOOD, 1970
 JESSEE et al., 1970
- Family: Physalopteridae
Physaloptera RUD., 1819

Physaloptera sp.

MYERS (unpublished)

Family: Dipetalonematidae

Dipetalonema DIESING, 1861*Dipetalonema perstans* (MANSON, 1891)

YAMASHITA, 1963*

ZIEMANN, 1902

Dipetalonema rodhaini PEEL & CHARDOME, 1947

PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946a

WEBBER, 1955

YAMASHITA, 1963*

Dipetalonema streptocerca (MACFIE & CORSON, 1927) PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946

VAN DEN BERGHE et al., 1964

PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946a, b

YAMASHITA, 1963*

Dipetalonema vanhoofi PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946

VAN DEN BERGHE et al., 1964

CHABAUD, 1952*

CHABAUD & ROUSSELOT, 1956*

PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946a, b

RODHAIN, 1950, 1955b

ROUSSELOT, R., 1955b*

YAMASHITA, 1963*

Dipetalonema sp.

DUNN, 1966*

Dirofilaria RAILLIET & HENRY, 1911?*Dirofilaria immitis* (LEIDY, 1856)

YAMASHITA, 1963*

Dirofilaria sp.

DUNN, 1966*

Filaria MUELLER, 1879*Filaria perstans* MANSON, 1891

RODENWALDT, 1908

Filaria primana LEIDY, 1891

WEBBER, 1955

Filaria transversata VON LINSTOW, 1907

VON LINSTOW, 1907

WEBBER, 1955

Filaria sp.

GRIGOROWA & NESTURKH, 1930, 1931

Loa STILES, 1905?*Loa loa* (GUYOT, 1778) STILES, 1905

DUNN, 1966*

YAMASHITA, 1963*

*Microfilaria**Microfilaria binucleata* PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946

VAN DEN BERGHE et al., 1964

PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946b

YAMASHITA, 1963*

Microfilaria perstans PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946

GRIGOROWA & NESTURKH, 1930, 1931

PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946a, b

REICHENOW, 1917

TORRES, 1931

- YAMASHITA, 1963*
- Microfilaria rodhaini* PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946
PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946a, b
RODHAINI, 1946
- Microfilaria streptocerca* PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946
PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946b
RODHAIN, 1946
- Onchocerca* DIESING, 1841
Onchocerca volvulus (LEUCKART, 1893) RAILLIET & HENRY, 1910
DUKE, 1962, 1968 (Experimental)
DUKE et al., 1967 (Experimental)
NEUMANN et al., 1964
- Paraloa* RODHAIN & VAN DEN BERGHE, 1939
Paraloa anthropopithei RODHAIN & VAN DEN BERGHE, 1939
RODHAIN & VAN DEN BERGHE, 1939
- ?*Setaria transversata* (VON LINSTOW, 1907) RAILLIET & HENRY, 1911
DUNN, 1966*
YAMASHITA, 1963*

PLATYHELMINTHES

Class: Trematoda

Subclass: Digenea

Family: Dicrocoeliidae

Concinnum BHALERAO, 1936

Concinnum brumpti (RAILLIET, HENRY, & JOYEUX, 1912)
COSGROVE, 1966*
DOLLFUS, 1955*
KUNTZ, 1972
NICOLL, 1927*
RAILLIET et al., 1912
STUNKARD & GOSS, 1950

Concinnum sp.

DUNN, 1966*

Dicrocoelium DUJARDIN, 1845

Dicrocoelium lanceatum STILES & HASSALL, 1898
VAN DEN BERGHE & DENECKE, 1938
COSGROVE, 1966*
KUNTZ, 1972

Dicrocoelium sp.

DUNN, 1966*

Family: Schistosomatidae

Schistosoma WEINLAND, 1858

Schistosoma haematobium (BILHARZ, 1852) WEINLAND, 1858
DE PAOLI, 1965
ERICKSON et al., 1971*
KUNTZ, 1972*
KUNTZ et al., 1971
SADUN & GORE, 1970 (Experimental)
SADUN et al., 1970b (Experimental)
VOGEL, 1967 (Experimental)

Schistosoma japonicum KATSURADA, 1904

HsÜ & HsÜ, 1968a, b, 1969 (Experimental)

Schistosoma mansoni SAMBON, 1907

HsÜ & HsÜ, 1968a
 KUNTZ, 1972*
 VON LICHTENBERG & SADUN, 1968 (Experimental)
 RIJPSTRA, 1967
 SADUN et al., 1966, 1970a (Experimental)
 SADUN & GORE, 1970

SOMATIC AND ENCYSTED HELMINTHS

Somatic Cestodes
 (See Cestode-Taeniidae)
 Somatic Nematodes
 (See Nematode-Dipetalonematidae)

HELMINTHS IN BLOOD

(See Somatic and Encysted Helminths)

ARTHROPODS

- a. External

Pangotillalges pani FAIN, 1962
Pediculus schaeffi FAHRENHOLZ, 1910
Pediculus simiae EWING, 1932
Pediculus sp.
Pthirus pubis LINNEAUS
Sarcoptes sp.
- b. Respiratory

Pneumonyssus duttoni NEWSTEAD & TODD, 1906
Pneumonyssus longus FAIN
Pneumonyssus oudehamensi BÖHM & SUPPERER
Pneumonyssus pangorella
- c. Somatic

Armillifer armillatus (WYMAN, 1845) (Larval Stage)
Pentastoma (Larval Stage)
Porocephalus sp. (Larval Stage)

Class: Arachnida

Order: Acari

- Family: Sarcoptidae

Sarcoptes LATREILLE, 1802
 PILLERS, 1921
- Family: Psoroptidae

Pangorillalges FAIN, 1962
Pangorillalges pani FAIN, 1962
 FAIN, 1962, 1963*
- Family: Halarachinidae

Pneumonyssus longus FAIN, 1957
 FAIN, 1957, 1959, 1961
 FAIN et al., 1958*
HULL, 1970
ZUMPT, 1961

Pneumonyssus oudemansi BÖHM & SUPPERER

BÖHM & SUPPERER, 1955

FAIN, 1957, 1959

FAIN et al., 1958*

HULL, 1970

Pneumonyssus pangorella

FAIN, 1957, 1959

Class: Pentastomida

Family: Porocephalidae

Armillifer SAMBON, 1922*Armillifer armillatus* (WYMAN, 1845) SAMBON, 1922 (larval stage)

HEYMONS, 1935

HEYMONS & VITZTHUM, 1935

SAMBON, 1922

WEINBERG, 1906c

ZUMPT, 1961

Porocephalus HUMBOLDT, 1811*Porocephalus* sp. (larval stage)

HEYMONS, 1935

WEINBERG, 1906c

Pentastoma (larval stage)

SADUN et al., 1970a

Class: Insecta

Order: Anoplura

Family: Pediculidae

*Pediculus**Pediculus schaeffi* FAHRENHOLZ, 1910

BENOIT, 1961*

VAN EYNHOVEN, 1955

FAHRENHOLZ, 1910a, b, 1912, 1941

FERRIS, 1916, 1935*

FERRIS & STOJANOVICH, 1951*

FREUND, 1926a, b

KIM & EMERSON, 1968

KUHN, 1967*

Pediculus simiae EWING, 1932

EWING, 1932, 1933*

JOHNSON, 1958

Pediculus sp.

KELLOGG, 1913

KUHN & LUDWIG, 1967a, b, 1968

Pthirus pubis LINNAEUS, 1758

BEDFORD, 1936*

FAHRENHOLZ, 1941

COMMENSALS AND PARASITES OF PAN PANISCUS

Intestinal helminths

Ascaris lumbricoides LINNAEUS, 1758

STAM, 1960 (fecal)

Necator americanus (STILES, 1902) STILES, 1903

STAM, 1960 (fecal)

Somatic/Blood helminths

Dipetalonema rodhaini PEEL & CHARDOME, 1947

WEBBER, 1955

- Dipetalonema streptocerca* PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946
 PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946a, b, 1947
Dipetalonema vanhoofi PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946
 PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946a, b, 1947
Microfilaria streptocara PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946
 PEEL & CHARDOME, 1946a, b, 1947

Arthropods**External**

- Pediculus shaefii* FAHRENHOLZ, 1910
 BENOIT, 1961
Sarcopetes scabei
 FAIN, 1963

Somatic

- Pangorillalges pani* FAIN, 1962
 FAIN, 1963
Pneumonyssus duttoni NEWSTEAD & TODD
 FAIN, 1957
Pneumonyssus longus FAIN
 FAIN, 1959
 ZUMPT, 1961
Pneumonyssus oudemansi BÖHM & SUPPERER
 FAIN, 1957

REFERENCES

In presenting the references we have followed the form and listings as given in the Index Catalogue of Medical and Veterinary Zoology. The sequence of parts, sections, volumes, although inconsistent with current practices for some journals and publications, have been given as listed. The Index Catalogue of Medical and Veterinary Zoology (United States Department of Agriculture) Parts 1 through 18 inclusive is available through the United States Government Printing Office-Superintendent of Documents, Washington, D. C. The abbreviations enclosed in parentheses following the reference indicates the libraries from which the publications may be obtained.

Abbreviations for Libraries:

- (Baw) — Baltimore, Md. William H. Welch Medical Library. (Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine and School of Hygiene and Public Health)
 (Im) — Ithaca, New York, Cornell University, New York State College of Agriculture, Albert R. Mann Library
 (Lib. Doss) — Library of Miss MILDRED A. DOSS, Animal Disease and Parasite Research Division, Beltsville, Maryland
 (Lib. McIntosh) — Library of Dr. ALLEN MCINTOSH, Animal Disease and Parasite Research Division, Beltsville, Maryland
 (Lib. Zool. Div.) — Library of the Zoological Division, United States Bureau of Animal Industry, Washington, D. C.
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 (Wm) — Washington, D. C. National Library of Medicine. Formerly Army Medical Library
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