FORTHCOMING PAPERS

Selective Laser Heating and Nonlinear Light Scattering in a Homogeneous Medium

M. V. Belyayev, V. P. Chebotayev, A. P. Maiorov, V. A. Smirnov (USSR)

Observation of light scattering on the laser-produced temperature inhomogeneities, the centres of which are connected with some absorbing molecules, is reported. The experimentally observed scattering intensity agrees well theory.

Further Investigations an ir Puming of CH3OD and CD3OD by a cw CO2 Laser

M. Fourrier, A. Kreisler (France)

Respectively, 41 and 36 new cw fair-infrared lasing lines have been observed using a waveguide resonator in CH₃OD and CD₃OD pumped by a low-pressure CO₂ laser emitting in the 9.4, 10.4 μ m regular bands and in the 10.8 μ m hot band. The wavelength range was 46.6 μ m — 1.67 mm in CH₃OD and 53.6 μ m — 1 mm in CD₃OD.

Superheating in the Heat-Pipe Oven

S. Milosevic, R. Beuc, G. Pichler (Yugoslavia)

We present a device which modifies the heat-pipe oven in such a way that the molecular number density can be drastically reduced. The device is essentially a small chamber with an independent internal heater inserted into the center of the ordinary linear heat-pipe oven which in turn, serves, as a reservoir of the liquid metal. The advantage of the present design of superheating within the heat-pipe oven, where temperature differences of several hundreds degrees centigrade were obtained is shown in the case of far blue wings of the first self-broadened potassium resonance lines.

Passive Mode Locking of the Continuous Wave DCM Dye Laser

P. M. W. French, J. R. Taylor (England)

The first passive mode locking of the continuous wave cw DCM dye laser is reported. Subpicosecond pulses as short as 0.68 ps were obtained over spectral region from 655 to 673 nm from a simple linear cavity with no dispersion optimisation. The dye 1,3' Diethyl 4,2' quinolylthiacarbocyanine iodide (DQTCI) was used as the saturable absorber.

Preionization and Discharge Stability Study of Long Optical Pulse Duration UV-Preionized XeCl Laser

R. S. Taylor (Canada)

This paper presents a complete study of the temporal and spatial characteristics of the preionization of a XeCl rare-gas halide laser. The detailed study was made possible using the technique of laser-induced preionization which utilizes the uv radiation from a KrF laser to preionize a second rare-gas halide laser. In addition to the preionization study, high spatial and temporal resolution framing camera photographs have been used to investigate the growth of discharge instabilities which can lead to the premature termination of the XeCl optical pulse. The roles played by HCl, Xe, the buffer gas as well as the discharge energy loading in the development of discharge instabilities have been determined experimentally.

Calculations of TM-Polarized Nonlinear Waves Guided by Thin Dielectric Films

D. Mihalache, D. Mazilu (Romania)

We found the dispersion relations for TM-polarized nonlinear waves guided by a dielectric film of thickness *d* bounded on one side by a nonlinear uniaxial medium characterized by a dielectric tensor $\varepsilon_{xx} = \varepsilon_{yy} = \varepsilon_c$, $\varepsilon_{zz} = \varepsilon_c + \alpha_c |E_z|^2$, $\alpha_c > 0$ (self-focusing medium), E_z being the electric-field component perpendicular to the surfaces. Numerical calculations are given for the power dependence of the propagation wave vector. For sufficiently large d/λ (λ : wavelength) we have found regions with multiple solutions corresponding to the same power flow. This suggests possible applications to optical devices.

Laser Theory

Corrected printing. 1984. 72 figures. XVI, 320 pages Soft cover DM 95,-. ISBN 3-540-12188-9 (Originally published as "Handbuch der Physik/ Encyclopedia of Physics, Volume 25, 2c", 1970)

6942/4/4hc

This book, written by one of the pioneers of the laser theory, is now considered by many laser physicists as a classic. It provides a thorough introduction to quantum mechanical treatment of the laser, the semiclassical approach and the rate equation treatment. Many features of laser light starting from gross features, like intensity, to fundamental aspects, such as photon statistics and optical coherence, are treated in detail.

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Invited Paper

L. D. Laude, M. Wautelet, R. Andrew Laser-Induced Synthesis of Compound Semiconducting Films 133

Contributed Papers

H.-E. Schaefer, R. Würschum, R. Schwarz, D. Slobodin, S. Wagner
 Amorphous Hydrogenated Silicon Studied by Positron Lifetime
 Spectroscopy 145

B. Harbecke

Application of Fourier's Allied Integrals to the Kramers-Kronig Transformation of Reflectance Data 151

N. F. Bunkin, A. K. Dmitriyev, B. S. Luk'yanchuk, G. A. Shafeev, T. Szörényi

Thermodiffusional Instability and Potential Distribution in Laser-Heated Absorbing Electrolytes 159

S. M. Avanesyan, V. E. Gusev, N. I. Zheludev Generation of Deformation Waves in the Processes of Photoexcitation and

Recombination of Nonequilibrium Carriers in Silicon 163

D. Płusa, J. J. Wysłocki, B. Wysłocki, R. Pfranger
Domain-Wall Energy in Sintered Nd ₁₅Fe₇₇B₈ Permanent Magnet 167
I. Sakata, S. Okazaki, Y. Hayashi

Validity of Quasi-Static Capacitance-Voltage Measurements Applied to Hydrogenated Amorphous Silicon Diodes 171

C. L. Woods, C. L. Matson, M. M. Salour

Crystallographic Fringe Orientation Diffraction Efficiency in Bismuth Silicon Oxide 177

E. D'Anna, G. Leggieri, A. Luches, G. Majni, F. Nava, G. Ottaviani Metal Silicides with Energetic Pulses 183

W. Wettling, J. Windscheif

Direct and Fast Comparison of Near-Infrared Absorption and Photoluminescence Topography of Semiinsulating GaAs Wafers 191