

The Wikipedia XML Corpus

Ludovic Denoyer and Patrick Gallinari

Laboratoire d'Informatique de Paris 6
8 rue du capitaine Scott
75015 Paris

{[ludovic.denoyer](mailto:ludovic.denoyer@lip6.fr),[patrick.gallinari](mailto:patrick.gallinari@lip6.fr)}@lip6.fr
<http://www-connex.lip6.fr/denoyer/wikipediaXML>

Abstract. This article presents the general Wikipedia XML Collection developed for Structured Information Retrieval and Structured Machine Learning. This collection has been built from the Wikipedia Encyclopedia. We detail particularly here which parts of this collection have been used during INEX 2006 for the Ad-hoc track and for the XML Mining track. Note that other tracks of INEX - multimedia track for example - have also been based on this collection.

1 Introduction

Wikipedia¹ is a well known free content, multilingual encyclopedia written collaboratively by contributors around the world. Anybody can edit an article using a wiki markup language that offers a simplified alternative to HTML. This encyclopedia is composed of millions of articles in different languages.

Content-oriented XML retrieval is an area of Information Retrieval (IR) research that is receiving an increasing interest. There already exists a very active community in the IR/ XML domain which started to work on XML search engines and XML textual data. This community is mainly organized since 2002 around the INEX initiative (INitiative for the Evaluation of XML Retrieval) which is funded by the DELOS network of excellence on Digital Libraries.

In this article, we describe a set of XML collections based on Wikipedia. These collections can be used in a large variety of XML IR/Machine Learning tasks like ad-hoc retrieval, categorization, clustering or structure mapping. These corpora are currently used for both, INEX 2006² and the XML Document Mining Challenge³. The article provides a description of the corpus.

The collections are downloadable on the website:

– <http://www-connex.lip6.fr/~denoyer/wikipediaXML>

¹ <http://www.wikipedia.org>

² <http://inex.is.informatik.uni-duisburg.de/2006>

³ <http://xmlmining.lip6.fr>

2 Description of the Corpus

The corpus is composed of 8 main collections corresponding to 8 different languages⁴ : English, French, German, Dutch, Spanish, Chinese, Arabian and Japanese. Each collection is a set of XML documents built using Wikipedia and encoded in UTF-8. In addition to these 8 collections, we also provide different *additional collections* for other IR/Machine Learning tasks like categorization and clustering, NLP, machine translation, multimedia IR, entity search, etc.

2.1 Main Collections

The main collections are a set of XML files in 8 different languages. The table 1 gives a detailed description of each collection.

Table 1. General statistics about the *Main Collections*

Collection name	Language	Number of documents	Size of the collection (MegaBytes)
main-english	English	659,388	≈ 4,600
20060130_french	French	110,838	≈ 730
20060123_german	German	305,099	≈ 2,079
20060227_dutch	Dutch	125,004	≈ 607
20060130_spanish	Spanish	79,236	≈ 504
20060303_chinese	Chinese	56,661	≈ 360
20060326_arabian	Arabian	11,637	≈ 53
20060303_japanese	Japanese	187,492	≈ 1,425

Each collection contains a set of documents where each filename is a number corresponding to the id of the file (for example : *15243.xml*). Each id is unique and each file corresponds to an article of Wikipedia. We only kept articles and removed all the wikipedia pages corresponding to "Talks", "Template", etc.. Each file is an UTF-8 document which is created from the wikitext of the original article. Figure 1 gives an example of an English article extracted from the corpus.

Tag labels. We introduced different tags in order to represent the different parts of a document. We distinguish two types of tags:

- The general tags (*article, section, paragraph, etc.*) that do not depend on the language of the collection. These tags correspond to the structural information contained in the wikitext format (for example : `== Main part ==` is transformed into `<title>Main part< /title>`)
- The template tags (*template_infobox, etc.*) represent the information contained into the wikipedia templates. Wikipedia templates are used to represent a repetitive type of information. For example, each country described into wikipedia starts with a table containing its population, language, size, etc.

⁴ Some additional languages will be added during the next months.

Table 2. Distribution and description of the main different XML node labels in the collection

Tag	Number of XML nodes	Description
collectionlink	≈ 17 millions	Hyperlink to a document of the collection
unknownlink	≈ 4 millions	Hyperlink to a document that does not exist in wikipedia
outsidelink	≈ 850,000	Hyperlink to a website
wikipedialink	≈ 850,000	Hyperlink to a wikipedia page (which is not in the collection)
languageink	≈ 800,000	Hyperlink to the same page in an other laguage
emph2	≈ 2 millions	Emphasis level 2
emph3	≈ 1.5 millions	Emphasis level 3
emph4	≈ 1,000	Emphasis level 4
emph5	≈ 81,000	Emphasis level 5
table	≈ 92,000	Table
row	≈ 1 millions	Row of a table
cell	≈ 3.7 millions	Cell of a table
template	≈ 2.5 millions	Template tags
title	≈ 1.6 millions	Title of articles
p	≈ 2.8 millions	Paragraph
item	≈ 5.6 millions	Item of a list or enumeration
....

We give in Figure 3 an idea of the schema underlying the collection using a graphical representation of the tags inclusion.

General statistics about the Wikipedia XML collection are given in table 3

2.2 Categories

The documents of the wikipedia XML collections are organized in a hierarchy of categories defined by the authors of the articles. For each main collection, we propose a set of files describing:

- the hierarchy of categories (file : categories_hcategories.csv)
- the categories of each articles (file : categories_categories.csv)
- the categories names (file : categories_name.csv)

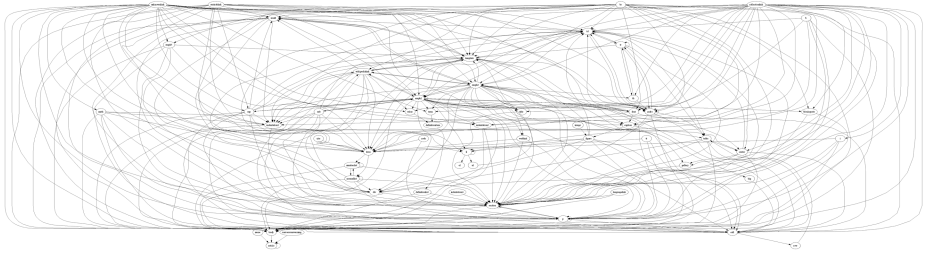
Table 3. Statistics about the structure of the documents from the *Main Collections*

Language	Mean size of document (bytes)	Mean Document Depth	Number of Nodes/Document
English	7,261	6.72	161.35
French	6,902	7.07	175.54
German	7,106	6.76	151.99
Dutch	5,092	6.41	122.8
Spanish	6,669	6.65	165.74
Chinese	6,664	6.91	179.23
Arabian	4,826	5.85	182.1
Japanese	7,973	7.1	94.96

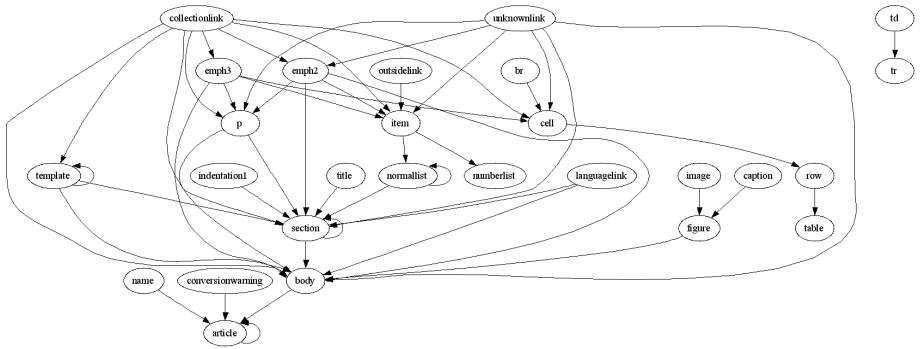
Table 4 gives statistics about the categories.



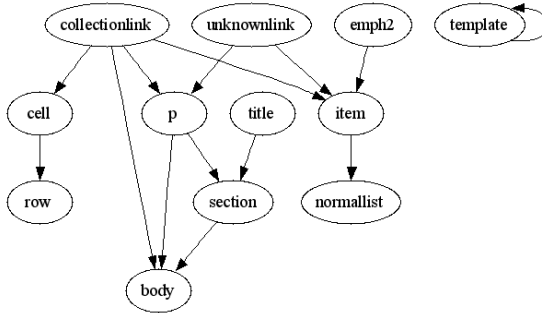
Fig. 2. Example of template conversion. A template (wiki) is converted using the *template_...* tags (xml). It correspond to a structured information of a wikipedia article (html).



$N = 1,000$



$N = 100,000$



$N = 1,000,000$

Fig. 3. This figure shows the schema of the documents (like a DTD). In this graph, each node corresponds to a possible XML node label. Two nodes (n_1, n_2) are connected if there exist at least N XML nodes with tag n_2 that have a child with tag n_1 in the corpus. For example, in the graph where $N=1,000,000$, the edge between *section* and *article* means that at least 1 million XML nodes with label *section* have a parent with label *article*.

Table 4. Statistics about the categories of the *Main Collections*

Language	Number of categories in the hierarchy	Mean number of categories for each document
English	113,483	2.2849
French	28,600	1.9570
German	27,981	2.5840
Dutch	13,847	1.6628
Spanish	12,462	1.6180
Chinese	27,147	2.0797
Japanese	26,730	2.0039

3 INEX 2006 Collections

3.1 Adhoc Collection

The collection used of the adhoc track during INEX 2006 is based on the english version of the wikipedia XML. Table 5 gives some general statistics over this collection and the Figure 4 gives the distribution of the documents with respect to their number of nodes.

Table 5. Statistics on the INEX 2006 AdHoc Corpus

Number of documents	659,388
Number of elements	≈ 52 millions
Size of the vocabulary	≈ 2 millions (depending on the preprocessing)
Number of tags	$\approx 1,200$

We do not detail here the description of the assessments made by the participants of INEX 2006.

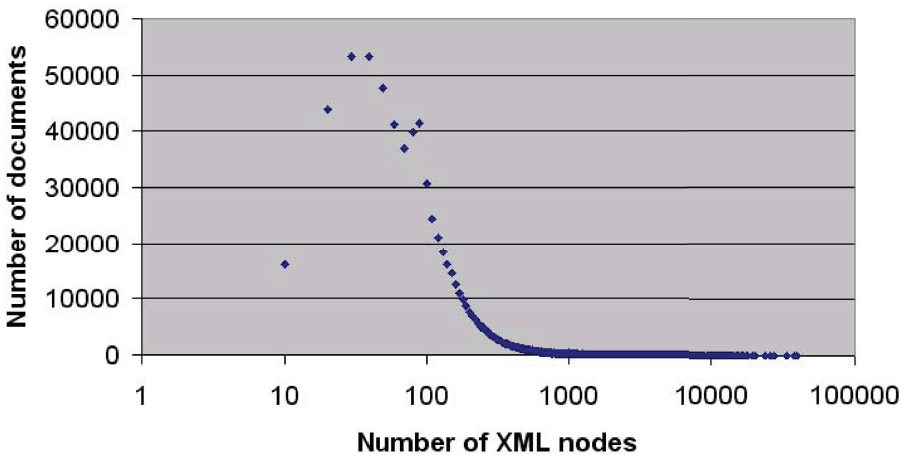
**Fig. 4.** Distribution of the documents wrt the number of doxels

Table 6. Statistics about the *XML Document Mining Challenge Collection (Single-Label Categorization Collection)*

Number of categories	60
Number of documents	150,094
Number of train documents	75,047
Number of test documents	75,047
Mean number of categories for each document	1
Structure of the corpus	The directory <i>documents</i> contains all the corresponding articles. The directory <i>relfiles</i> contains one file per category giving the id of the documents that belongs to this category ⁵ .

3.2 XML Mining Track Collection

We provide a specific collection where each document belongs to **exactly** one category. This collection was used for the last year of the XML Mining Track. It is composed of the documents of the preceding collection belonging to a single category. This collection can be used for categorization and clustering of documents (see table 6). This collection is aimed at categorization/clustering benchmark.

4 Conclusion

This article report describes the main XML collections based on Wikipedia and developed for Structured Information Retrieval, Structured Machine Learning and Natural Language processing. Then, we detail the collection used during INEX 2006 for both the general adhoc retrieval track and the XML Mining track. Note that there exist some other corpus based on wikipedia XML for different tasks : Natural Language Processing, linguistic annotation, Question answering,etc.

Acknowledgment

The wikipediaXML corpus is distributed under the GPL Documentation license. It is completely free and can be used for non-profit educational and research purposes. All publications based on the wikipediaXML corpus should cite this article.