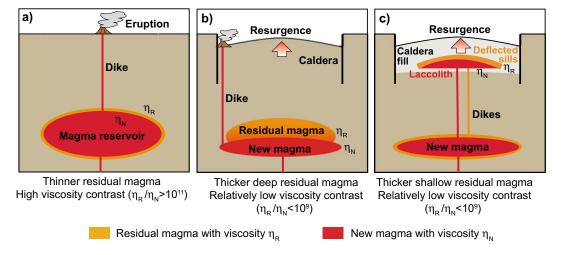


## **Correction to: Calderas**

## **Correction to:**

Chapter 5 in: V. Acocella, *Volcano-Tectonic Processes*, Advances in Volcanology, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-65968-4\_5">https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-65968-4\_5</a>

In the original version of the book, the following belated correction have been incorporated in the chapter "Calderas": Fig. 5.13 has been replaced with the correct figure.



**Fig. 5.13** Conditions for resurgence. **a** A thinner layer of viscous residual magma (high viscosity contrasts with the new magma) promotes dike propagation and eruption, without resurgence. **b** A thicker layer of medium viscosity residual magma (with relatively low viscosity contrast with the new magma) hinders dike propagation, promoting stagnation and resurgence; peripheral eruptions may occur. **c** Same as (**b**), but shifted at shallower levels: dikes (orange) may arrest within the altered intracaldera tuff, developing one or more sills (orange) constituting a rheological barrier for successive dikes (red), stagnating in laccoliths and promoting resurgence. Mechanism (**c**) may be alternative to, or combined with, (**b**) (modified after Galetto et al. 2017)

The updated version of this chapter can be found at https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-65968-4\_5

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